

January 1 – December 31, 2025

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2025. **This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.**

For questions about this document, please contact Member Services at 1-877-336-2069. (TTY users should call 1-877-206-0500). Hours are 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. This call is free.

This plan, HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP), is offered by HealthSun Health Plans. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says "we," "us," or "our," it means HealthSun Health Plans. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP).)

This document is available for free in Spanish.

This document is available to order in braille, large print and audio. To request this document in an alternate format, please call Member Services at the phone number printed on the front of this document.

Benefits, deductibles, and/or copayments or coinsurance may change on January 1, 2026.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

HealthSun Health Plans is an HMO plan with a Medicare contract and a Medicaid contract with the State of Florida Agency for Health Care Administration. Enrollment in HealthSun Health Plans depends on contract renewal.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost sharing;
- Your medical and prescription drug benefits;

- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment; How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

2025 Evidence of Coverage

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CHAPTER 1:

Getting started as a member

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 You are enrolled in HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP), which is a specialized Medicare Advantage Plan (Special Needs Plan)

You are covered by both Medicare and Medicaid:

- **Medicare** is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (kidney failure).
- Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain
 people with limited incomes and resources. Medicaid coverage varies depending on the state and
 the type of Medicaid you have. Some people with Medicaid get help paying for their Medicare
 premiums and other costs. Other people also get coverage for additional services and drugs that are
 not covered by Medicare.

You have chosen to get your Medicare health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP). We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) is a specialized Medicare Advantage Plan (a Medicare Special Needs Plan), which means its benefits are designed for people with special health care needs. HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) is designed for people who have Medicare and who are also entitled to assistance from Medicaid.

If you receive full Medicaid, you will pay less or nothing for some of your Medicare health care services. Medicaid may also provide other benefits to you by covering health care services and prescription drugs that are not usually covered under Medicare. You may also receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for the costs of your Medicare prescription drugs. HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) will help manage all of these benefits for you, so that you get the health care services and payment assistance that you are entitled to.

Because you get assistance from Medicaid with your Medicare Part A and B cost sharing (deductibles, copayments, and coinsurance) you may pay nothing for your Medicare health care services. Medicaid may also provide other benefits to you by covering health care services that are not usually covered under Medicare. Your coverage under Agency for Health Care Administration Florida Statewide Medicaid Managed Care provides coverage for Medicare premiums, deductibles and cost sharing applied to covered Medicare services and for additional Medicaid benefits as per state guidelines. You may also receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for the costs of your Medicare prescription drugs. HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) will help manage all of these benefits for you, so that you get the health care services and payment assistance that you are entitled to.

HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) is run by a private company. Like all Medicare Advantage Plans,

this Medicare Special Needs Plan is approved by Medicare. The plan also has a contract with the Florida Medicaid program to coordinate your Medicaid benefits. We are pleased to be providing your Medicare health care coverage, including your prescription drug coverage.

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information.

Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* document about?

This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your Medicare medical care and prescription drugs. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words *coverage* and *covered services* refer to the medical care and services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP).

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused, concerned or just have a question, please contact Member Services.

Section 1.3 Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) between January 1, 2025 and December 31, 2025.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) after December 31, 2025. We can also choose to stop offering the plan in your service area, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2025.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) and Agency for Healthcare Administration must approve HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- -- and -- You live in our geographic service area (Section 2.3 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- -- and -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States.
- -- and -- You meet the special eligibility requirements described below.

Special eligibility requirements for our plan

Our plan is designed to meet the needs of people who receive certain Medicaid benefits. (Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources.) To be eligible for our plan you must be eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Please note: If you lose your eligibility but can reasonably be expected to regain eligibility within 6-month(s), then you are still eligible for membership in our plan (Chapter 4, Section 2.1 tells you about coverage and cost sharing during a period of deemed continued eligibility).

Section 2.2 What is Medicaid?

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical and long-term care costs for certain people who have limited incomes and resources. Each state decides what counts as income and resources, who is eligible, what services are covered, and the cost for services. States also can decide how to run their program as long as they follow the Federal guidelines.

In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These "Medicare Savings Programs" help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

- Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- Qualified Medicare Beneficiary Plus (QMB+): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). Some, people with QMB+

are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits.

- Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB): Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary Plus (SLMB+): Helps pay Part B premiums. Some, people with SLMB+ are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits. In some situations, you may receive assistance from your state Medicaid to help pay Medicare cost share. If the service is covered by both Medicare and Medicaid, your cost share could be \$0. There may be times when you are responsible for cost sharing if a service or benefit is not covered by Medicaid.
- Qualifying Individual (QI): Helps pay Part B premiums.
- Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI): Helps pay Part A premiums.
- **Full Benefit Dual Eligible (FBDE):** An individual who is not QMB or SLMB, but is eligible for full Medicaid benefits either categorically or through optional coverage groups.

Section 2.3 Here is the plan service area for HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)

HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes Palm Beach county in Florida.

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact Member Services to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Section 2.4 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive

Section 3.1 Your plan membership card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card whenever you get services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:





Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare approved clinical research studies also called clinical trials.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services right away and we will send you a new card.

Section 3.2 Provider and Pharmacy Directory

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* lists our current network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers. **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization, you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in-network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

The Provider and Pharmacy Directory www.healthsun.com lists our network pharmacies. Network

pharmacies are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members. You can use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use. See Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information on when you can use pharmacies that are not in the plan's network.

If you don't have the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, you can request a copy (electronically or in hardcopy form) from Member Services. Requests for hard copy Provider/Pharmacy Directories will be mailed to you within three business days.

You can also find this information on our website at www.healthsun.com.

Section 3.3 The plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP). The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) Drug List.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We will provide you a copy of the Drug List. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website (www.healthsun.com) or call Member Services.

SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Part D Late Enrollment Penalty (Section 4.3)
- Income Related Monthly Adjusted Amount (Section 4.4)

Section 4.1 Plan premium

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP).

Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

Some members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. As explained in Section 2 above, in order to be eligible for our plan, you must maintain your eligibility for Medicaid as well as have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. For most HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) members, Medicaid pays for your Part A premium (if you don't qualify for it automatically) and for your Part B premium.

If Medicaid is not paying your Medicare premiums for you, you must continue to pay your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan. This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A, which affects members who aren't eligible for premium free Part A.

Section 4.3 Part D Late Enrollment Penalty

Because you are dually-eligible, the LEP doesn't apply to you as long as you maintain your dually-eligible status, but if you lose your dually-eligible status, you may incur an LEP. The Part D late enrollment penalty is an additional premium that must be paid for Part D coverage if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. Creditable prescription drug coverage is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

You will not have to pay it if:

- You receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs.
- You have gone less than 63 days in a row without creditable coverage.
- You have had creditable drug coverage through another source such as a former employer, union, TRICARE, or Veterans Health Administration (VA). Your insurer or your human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. This information may be sent to you in a letter or included in a newsletter from the plan. Keep this information, because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.
 - **Note**: Any notice must state that you had creditable prescription drug coverage that is expected to pay as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug plan pays.
 - **Note**: The following are not creditable prescription drug coverage: prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites.

Medicare determines the amount of the penalty. Here is how it works:

• First, count the number of full months that you delayed enrolling in a Medicare drug plan, after you

were eligible to enroll. Or count the number of full months you did not have creditable prescription drug coverage, if the break in coverage was 63 days or more. The penalty is 1% for every month that you did not have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.

- Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year. For 2025, this average premium amount is \$36.78.
- To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here, it would be 14% times \$36.78, which equals \$5.15. This rounds to \$5.20. This amount would be added to the monthly premium for someone with a Part D late enrollment penalty.

There are three important things to note about this monthly Part D late enrollment penalty:

- First, **the penalty may change each year** because the average monthly premium can change each year.
- Second, you will continue to pay a penalty every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits, even if you change plans.
- Third, if you are <u>under</u> 65 and currently receiving Medicare benefits, the Part D late enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your Part D late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months that you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

If you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review. Generally, you must request this review within 60 days from the date on the first letter you receive stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. However, if you were paying a penalty before joining our plan, you may not have another chance to request a review of that late enrollment penalty.

Section 4.4 Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount

Some members may be required to pay an extra charge, known as the Part D Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. The extra charge is figured out using your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from two years ago. If this amount is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and the additional IRMAA. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit https://www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/monthly-premium-for-drug-plans.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit

check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. You must pay the extra amount to the government. It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium. If you do not pay the extra amount, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.

If you disagree about paying an extra amount, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

SECTION 5 More information about your monthly premium

Section 5.1 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

No. We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

However, in some cases, you may be able to stop paying a late enrollment penalty, if owed. Or need to start paying a late enrollment penalty. This could happen if you become eligible for the "Extra Help" program or if you lose your eligibility for the "Extra Help" program during the year.

- If you currently pay the Part D late enrollment penalty and become eligible for "Extra Help" during the year, you would be able to stop paying your penalty.
- If you lose "Extra Help", you may be subject to the late enrollment penalty if you go 63 days or more in a row without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage.

You can find out more about the "Extra Help" program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Primary Care Provider (PCP).

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you**. Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

Let us know about these changes:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)

- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study (**Note**: You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so.)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services. You may also log into your HealthSun member portal to update any changes to your address, email, or phone number.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

Other insurance

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Member Services. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the secondary payer, only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
 - o If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in

- a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
- If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare and/or employer group health plans have paid.

CHAPTER 2:

Important phone numbers and resources

SECTION 1 HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) contacts

(how to contact us, including how to reach Member Services)

How to contact our plan's Member Services

For assistance with claims, billing, or member card questions, please call or write to HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) Member Services. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-336-2069 Calls to this number are free. Hours are from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	1-877-206-0500 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30.
FAX	1-305-448-5783
WRITE	HealthSun Health Plans 11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300 Miami, FL 33172
WEBSITE	www.healthsun.com

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or your Part D prescription drugs. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on asking for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 8 (*What to do if you*

have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-336-2069 Calls to this number are free. Our hours of operations are from 8am to 8pm. From October 1 through March 31, we are open seven days a week (closed on Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day). From April 1 until September 30, we are available Monday through Friday (closed on federal holidays).
TTY	1-877-206-0500 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Our hours of operations are from 8am to 8pm. From October 1 through March 31, we are open seven days a week (closed on Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day). From April 1 until September 30, we are available Monday through Friday (closed on federal holidays).
FAX	1-305-448-5783
WRITE	HealthSun 11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300 Miami, FL 33172
WEBSITE	www.healthsun.com

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-336-2069 Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30.

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
TTY	1-877-206-0500
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who
	have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free.
	8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from
	October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from
	April 1 through September 30.
FAX	1-844-430-1705
WRITE	HealthSun Health Plans
	Attention: Part D Department
	11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300
	Miami, FL 33172
WEBSITE	www.healthsun.com

Method	Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-336-2069 Calls to this number are free. Our hours of operations are from 8am to 8pm. From October 1 through March 31, we are open seven days a week (closed on Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day). From April 1 until September 30, we are available Monday through Friday (closed on federal holidays).
TTY	1-877-206-0500 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Our hours of operations are from 8am to 8pm. From October 1 through March 31, we are open seven days a week (closed on Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day). From April 1 until September 30, we are available Monday through Friday (closed on federal holidays).
FAX	1-877-589-3256

Method	Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
WRITE	HealthSun Grievance & Appeals 11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300 Miami, FL 33172
WEBSITE	www.healthsun.com

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-336-2069 Calls to this number are free.
	Hours are 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
TTY	1-877-206-0500
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free.
	Our hours of operations are from 8am to 8pm. From October 1 through March
	31, we are open seven days a week (closed on Thanksgiving Day and
	Christmas Day). From April 1 until September 30, we are available Monday
	through Friday (closed on federal holidays).
FAX	1-877-589-3256
WRITE	HealthSun
	Grievance & Appeals
	11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300
	Miami, FL 33172
WEBSITE	www.healthsun.com

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care or your Part D prescription drugs

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your medical care or your Part D prescription drugs, see

Chapter 8 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Complaints about Medical Care or Part D prescription drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-336-2069 Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30.
TTY	1-877-206-0500 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Our hours of operations are from 8am to 8pm. From October 1 through March 31, we are open seven days a week (closed on Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day). From April 1 until September 30, we are available Monday through Friday (closed on federal holidays).
FAX	1-877-589-3256
WRITE	HealthSun Grievance & Appeals 11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300 Miami, FL 33172
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

Where to send a request asking us to pay our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. See Chapter 6 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 8 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-336-2069 Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30.
TTY	1-877-206-0500 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30.
WRITE	HealthSun 11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300 Miami, FL 33172
WEBSITE	www.healthsun.com

Method	Payment Requests for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-336-2069 Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30.
TTY	1-877-206-0500 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30.
FAX	1-401-652-1911

Method	Payment Requests for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
WRITE	CarelonRx Claims Department - Part D Services P.O. Box 52077 Phoenix, AZ 85072-2077
WEBSITE	www.healthsun.com

SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
WEBSITE	www.Medicare.gov
	This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.
	The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:
	• Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information.
	• Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an <i>estimate</i> of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.
	You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP):
	• Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/ MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.
	If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In Florida, the SHIP is called Florida Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE).

Florida Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE) is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Florida Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE) counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. Florida Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE) counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES:

- Visit https://www.shiphelp.org (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your **STATE** from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

Method	Florida Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE) – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-96-ELDER (1-800-963-5337) 8 a.m 5 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
TTY	1-800-955-8770 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	SHINE Program, Department of Elder Affairs 4040 Esplanade Way, Suite 280-S Tallahassee, FL 32399-7000
WEBSITE	http://www.floridashine.org/

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For Florida, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Acentra Health - Florida's Quality Improvement Organization.

Acentra Health - Florida's Quality Improvement Organization has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Acentra Health - Florida's Quality Improvement Organization is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact Acentra Health - Florida's Quality Improvement Organization in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

Method	Acentra Health - Florida's Quality Improvement Organization — Contact Information
CALL	1-888-317-0751 1-813-280-8256 9 a.m 5 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday; 10 a.m 4 p.m. local time, weekends and holidays
TTY	711
WRITE	Acentra Health/Florida's Quality Improvement Organization 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609
WEBSITE	https://www.keproqio.com/

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security

checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
ТТҮ	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Members enrolled in HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) are dual enrolled with both Medicare and Medicaid.

In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These Medicare Savings Programs help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

• Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are

also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)

- Qualified Medicare Beneficiary Plus (QMB+): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). Some, people with QMB+ are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits.
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary Plus (SLMB+): Helps pay Part B premiums. Some, people with SLMB+ are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits. In some situations, you may receive assistance from your state Medicaid to help pay Medicare cost share. If the service is covered by both Medicare and Medicaid, your cost share could be \$0. There may be times when you are responsible for cost sharing if a service or benefit is not covered by Medicaid.
- Qualifying Individual (QI): Helps pay Part B premiums.
- Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI): Helps pay Part A premiums.
- Full Benefit Dual Eligible (FBDE): An individual who is not QMB or SLMB, but is eligible for full Medicaid benefits either categorically or through optional coverage groups.

If you have questions about the assistance you get from Medicaid, contact Agency for Healthcare Administration. You may also contact the Department of Children and Families to get information about Medicaid.

Method	Department of Children and Families – Contact Information
CALL	850-300-4323 8 a.m 5 p.m. ET, Monday - Friday
TTY	1-800-955-8771 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	1-866-886-4342
WRITE	ACCESS Central Mail Center P.O. Box 1770, Ocala, FL 34478-1770
WEBSITE	https://www.myflfamilies.com/medicaid/

Method	Agency for Healthcare Administration – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-711-3662 8:00 a.m - 8:00 p.m ET, Monday, Thursday, 8:00 a.m - 7:00 p.m ET, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday
TTY	1-866-467-4970 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	Agency for Health Care Administration 2727 Mahan Drive Tallahassee, FL 32308
WEBSITE	https://www.flmedicaidmanagedcare.com/home/index

The Florida Long-Term Care Ombudsman program helps people enrolled in Medicaid with service or billing problems. They can help you file a grievance or appeal with our plan.

Method	Florida Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program - Contact Information
CALL	1-888-831-0404 1-850-414-2323 8 a.m 5 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
WRITE	Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program 4040 Esplanade Way, Suite 380 Tallahassee, FL 32399-7000
WEBSITE	https://ombudsman.elderaffairs.org/

The Florida's Long-Term Ombudsman Program helps people get information about nursing homes and resolve problems between nursing homes and residents or their families.

Method	Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program – Contact Information
CALL	1-888-831-0404 1-850-414-2323 8 a.m 5 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
TTY	711

Method	Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program – Contact Information
WRITE	Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program 4040 Esplanade Way, Suite 380 Tallahashee, FL 32399-7000
WEBSITE	https://ombudsman.elderaffairs.org

SECTION 7 Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs

The Medicare.gov website (https://www.medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs) provides information on how to lower your prescription drug costs. For people with limited incomes, there are also other programs to assist, described below.

Medicare's "Extra Help" Program

Most of our members qualify for and are already getting "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for their prescription drug plan costs.

If you have questions about "Extra Help," call:

- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 8 am and 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778; or
- Your State Medicaid Office (See Section 6 of this chapter for contact information).

If you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has a process for you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

• If you have documentation to support that we have applied an incorrect low income subsidy level to your account, please contact the Member Services department for instructions on how to submit this supporting documentation. Once we receive valid supporting documentation, our system of record will be updated within one (1) business day of receipt of the documentation. We will apply the correct low income subsidy information to your account so you can get your prescription drugs at the appropriate cost sharing level. We will also submit a request to CMS to ask them to correct the low income subsidy information stored in their system. Once CMS processes the request, they will send us a notification to inform us your copayment level has been corrected and we will proceed to

- update our system so you can continue to pay the correct copayment when you get your prescription drugs at a pharmacy.
- HealthSun Health Plans will accept any one of the following forms of evidence from a member, the
 member's pharmacist, advocate, representative, family member or other individual acting on behalf
 of the member to establish that a member qualifies for Extra Help due to their low-income status:
 - A copy of the member's Medicaid card which includes the member's name and an eligibility date during a month after June of the previous calendar year;
 - A copy of a state document that confirms active Medicaid status during a month after June of the previous calendar year;
 - A print out from the State electronic enrollment file showing Medicaid status during a month after June of the previous calendar year;
 - A screen print from the State's Medicaid systems showing Medicaid status during a month after June of the previous calendar year;
 - A letter from the Social Security Administration (SSA) showing that the individual receives SSI: or,
 - An Application Filed by Deemed Eligible member that confirms the member is
 "...automatically eligible for extra help..." or
- HealthSun Health Plans will accept any one of the following forms of evidence from a member, the
 member's pharmacist, advocate, representative, family member or other individual acting on behalf
 of the beneficiary to establish that a member qualifies for Extra Help because they are
 institutionalized or is an individual receiving home and community based services (HCBS).
 - Remittance from the facility showing Medicaid payment for a full calendar month for that individual during a month after June of the previous calendar year;
 - Copy of a state document that confirms Medicaid payment on behalf of the individual to the facility for a full calendar month after June of the previous calendar year;
 - Screen print from the State's Medicaid systems showing that individual's institutional status based on at least a full calendar month stay for Medicaid payment purposes during a month after June of the previous calendar year.
 - State-issued Notice of Action, Notice of Determination, or Notice of Enrollment that includes the beneficiary's name and HCBS eligibility date during a month after June of the previous calendar year;
 - State-approved HCBS Service Plan that includes the beneficiary's name and effective date

beginning during a month after June of the previous calendar year;

- State-issued prior authorization approval letter for HCBS that includes the beneficiary's name and effective date beginning during a month after June of the previous calendar year;
- Other documentation provided by the State showing HCBS eligibility status during a month after June of the previous calendar year; or,
- State-issued document, such as a remittance advice, confirming payment for HCBS, including the beneficiary's name and the dates of HCBS.
- When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Please contact Member Services if you have questions.

What if you have Extra Help and coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)? What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also on the ADAP formulary qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance through The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP).

Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status. If you change plans please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker so you can continue to receive assistance. For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP).

Method	Florida AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)
CALL	1-850-245-4422 1-800-352-2437 1-844-381-2327 8 a.m 5 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday

Method	Florida AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)
TTY	711 1-888-503-7118 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	HIV/AIDS Section 4052 Bald Cypress Way Tallahassee, FL 32399
WEBSITE	http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/aids/adap/index.html

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan is a new payment option that works with your current drug coverage, and it can help you manage your drug costs by spreading them across monthly payments that vary throughout the year (January – December). This payment option might help you manage your expenses, but it doesn't save you money or lower your drug costs. "Extra Help" from Medicare and help from your SPAP and ADAP, for those who qualify, is more advantageous than participation in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan. All members are eligible to participate in this payment option, regardless of income level, and all Medicare drug plans and Medicare health plans with drug coverage must offer this payment option. Contact us or visit Medicare.gov to find out if this payment option is right for you.

Method	The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-696-2087 Calls to this number are free. Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. EST Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. EST
FAX	1-440-557-6525
WRITE	SimplicityRx MPPP Support Department 810 Sharon Drive Westlake, OH 44145

Method	The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan – Contact Information
WEBSITE	www.Activate.RxPayments.com

SECTION 8 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. If you press "0," you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:00 pm, Monday through Friday. The RRB is closed on Federal Holidays. If you press "1", you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.
WEBSITE	rrb.gov/

CHAPTER 3:

Using the plan for your medical and other covered services

SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care and other services as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care and other services covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care and other services are covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

Section 1.1 What are network providers and covered services?

- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term providers also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay nothing or only your share of the cost for covered services.
- Covered services include all the medical care, health care services, supplies equipment, and Prescription Drugs that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4. Your covered services for prescription drugs are discussed in Chapter 5.

Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care and other services covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and may offer other services in addition to those covered under Original Medicare. Please see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) will generally cover your medical care as long as:

• The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).

- The care you receive is considered medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the
 services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of
 your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.2 in this chapter).
 - In most situations, your network PCP must give you approval in advance before you can use other providers in the plan's network, such as specialists, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, or home health care agencies. This is called giving you a referral. For more information about this, see Section 2.3 of this chapter.
 - Referrals from your PCP are not required for emergency care or urgently needed services. There
 are also some other kinds of care you can get without having approval in advance from your
 PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.2 of this chapter).
- You must receive your care from a network provider (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished. *Here are three exceptions*:
 - The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
 - O If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover but there are no specialists in our network that provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider at the same cost sharing you normally pay in-network. Authorization should be obtained from the plan prior to seeking care. In this situation, we will cover these services as if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.4 in this chapter.
 - The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The cost sharing you pay the plan for dialysis can never exceed the cost sharing in Original Medicare. If you are outside the plan's service area and obtain the dialysis from a provider that is outside the plan's network, your cost sharing cannot exceed the cost sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to obtain services inside the service area from a provider outside the plan's network the cost sharing for the dialysis may be higher.

SECTION 2 Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care and other services

Section 2.1 You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your care

What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?

- A PCP is a licensed physician who meets state requirements and is trained to give you general medical care.
- The Provider and Pharmacy Directory will indicate which physicians may act as your PCP.
- When you become a member of our plan, you must choose a PCP to provide and oversee your basic medical care. It is important for you to maintain a relationship with your PCP. Your PCP will provide most of your routine care and will also help you arrange or coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a member of our Plan.
- In order for you to receive other medical services and procedures or to see a specialist, you usually need to get your PCP's approval first (this is called obtaining a "referral"). When your PCP thinks that you need specialized treatment, he or she will give you a referral (approval in advance) to see a plan specialist. A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. It is very important to get a referral (approval in advance) from your PCP before you see a plan specialist (there are a few exceptions, including routine women's health care that we explain later in this section). If you don't have a referral before you receive services from a specialist, you may have to pay for these services yourself. In some cases, your PCP may need to obtain prior authorization from the plan. Refer to Chapter 4, Section 2.1 for information about which services require prior authorization.

How do you choose your PCP?

You may select your PCP at the time that you enroll with the plan. You may put down the PCP information on your enrollment application or you can call the Member Services Department to select your PCP (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may select the PCP of your choice from the plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* or you may call the Member Services Department and ask for assistance to find a PCP. If you do not select a PCP at the time of enrollment, we will pick one for you. You will start with your PCP on the 1st of the month following the month during which the request was made. You can also change your PCP at any time (as explained later in this section). If there is a particular specialist or hospital that you want to use, check first to be sure your PCP makes referrals to that specialist, or uses that hospital. The name and office telephone number of your PCP is printed on your membership card.

Changing your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our

plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP. If you change your PCP this may result in being limited to specific specialists or hospitals to which that PCP refers.

You can request to change your PCP by calling HealthSun Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document). The change will take effect on the 1st of the month following the month during which you called and spoke to a HealthSun Member Services Representative to request your new PCP. Please contact the Member Services Department if you need to change your PCP. If your PCP leaves HealthSun Health Plans, we will let you know and help you switch to another PCP so that you can continue getting covered services.

Section 2.2 What kinds of medical care and other services can you get without a referral from your PCP?

You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP.

- Routine women's health care, which includes breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams.
- Flu shots (or vaccines), COVID-19 vaccinations, Hepatitis B vaccinations, and pneumonia vaccinations.
- Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers.
- Urgently needed plan-covered services, which are services requiring immediate medical attention that are not emergencies, provided you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area. If possible, please call Member Services before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you are away.
- Ambulance services for emergency care
- Dental services as long as you get them from a network provider
- Dermatology services, for office visits and minor procedures and testing, as long as you get them from a network provider (a referral will be required after the first five office visits within a 12-month period).
- Durable medical equipment (DME supplies), diabetic therapeutic shoes or inserts, and diabetic

- supplies such as glucometers, blood test strips, and lancets. Prior-authorization rules do apply.
- Kidney disease education. See the Medical Benefits Chart for more details in Chapter 4, Section 2.1 under Services to treat kidney disease.
- Medicare-covered Part B drugs. Prior-authorization rules do apply for certain Medicare-covered Part B drugs. See the Medical Benefits chart for more details in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.
- Over-the-counter (OTC) items approved by the plan. See the Medical Benefits Chart for more details in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.
- Podiatry services as long as you get them from a network provider. Prior-authorization rules will apply.
- Prosthetic devices and other medical supplies. Prior-authorization rules do apply.
- Vision services such as the routine eye exam and eyewear (eyeglasses and contact lenses). See the Medical Benefits Chart for more details in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.
- Certain Medicare-covered preventive services as long as you get them from a network provider. These include, but may not be limited to, glaucoma screening, diabetes self-management training, barium enemas, digital rectal exams, and EKG following welcome visit. See the Medical Benefits Chart for more details in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.
- Certain supplemental benefits as long as you get them from a network provider. See the Medical Benefits Chart for more details in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

Section 2.3 How to get care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions

When your PCP thinks that you need specialized treatment, he or she will refer you to see a plan specialist. It is very important to obtain a referral (approval in advance) from your PCP before you see a plan specialist or certain other providers.

If the specialist wants you to come back for more care, check first to be sure that the referral (approval in advance) you got from your PCP for the first visit covers more visits to the specialist. If you don't have a referral before you receive services from a specialist, you may have to pay for these services yourself.

In some cases, your PCP may need approval in advance from the plan (this is called "prior authorization"). Refer to Chapter 4, Section 2.1 for information about which services require prior authorization.

If there is a specific plan network specialist you want to use, find out whether your PCP sends patients to this specialist. You may generally change your PCP at any time if you want to see a plan specialist that your current PCP does not refer to. If there is a specific plan network hospital you want to use, you must first find out whether your PCP or the doctors you will be seeing use this hospital. If you are referred or feel you need to use a provider who is not in our plan, you must call us to get approval before you get care.

Prior authorization may be needed for certain services (please see Chapter 4, Section 2.1 for information on which services require prior authorization). Authorization can be obtained from the plan. You or your provider can ask the plan before a service is furnished whether the plan will cover it. You or your provider can request that this determination be in writing. This process is called an advanced determination. If we say we will not cover your services, you, or your provider, have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care. Chapter 8 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) has more information about what to do if you want a coverage decision from us or want to appeal a decision we have already made.

If you do not have an advanced determination, authorization can also be obtained from a network provider who refers an enrollee to a specialist outside the plan's network for a service; provided that service is not explicitly always excluded from plan coverage as discussed in Chapter 4.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
 - o If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
 - o If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified in-network provider that you may access for continued care.
- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are receiving continues.
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and

options you may have for changing plans.

- We will arrange for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network, but at
 in-network cost sharing, when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to
 meet your medical needs. Prior authorization is needed.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance to the plan, or both. Please see Chapter 8.

Section 2.4 How to get care from out-of-network providers

When providers of specialized services are not available in our network or if you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can obtain prior-authorization from the plan to get this care from an out-of-network provider. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider as long as you have prior-authorization from the plan. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, talk to your PCP or call the plan (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

If you use an out-of-network provider for emergency care or out of area urgently needed services, you may pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. See Section 3 of this chapter for more information.

If you use an out-of-network provider for kidney dialysis services that you get from a Medicare-certified dialysis facility, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. See Section 2.2 of this chapter for more information.

SECTION 3 How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency

What is a medical emergency and what should you do if you have one?

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness,

injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States and its territories or worldwide, and from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they are not part of our network.
- As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency. We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Please call Member Services at the number on the back of your plan membership card.

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over, you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan. If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care.
- -or The additional care you get is considered urgently needed services and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

Section 3.2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

What are urgently needed services?

A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.

To access urgently needed services, you should contact your PCP for instructions or contact the plan to find an urgent care center in our network near you. For any other questions with respect to urgently needed services, please call the Member Services Department (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document).

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgent care services outside the United States under the following circumstances: if you're traveling outside of the United States for less than six months, services are needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition and furnished by a provider qualified to render emergency and urgent care services. Prescriptions purchased outside of the country are not covered even for urgent or emergency care. For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document.

Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: www.healthsun.com for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?

Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost for covered services

If you have paid more than your plan cost sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 6 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 What should you do if services are not covered by our plan?

HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan or services obtained out-of-network and were not authorized, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services.

You should also check with HealthSun if certain services that are not covered by the plan are covered by Medicaid before paying for the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. When the benefit limit has been reached, the costs you pay will not count toward your out-of-pocket maximum.

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?

Section 5.1 What is a clinical research study?

A clinical research study (also called a *clinical trial*) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study and you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more, for example,

if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount, we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to tell us or to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations requiring coverage with evidence development (NCDs-CED) and investigational device exemption (IDE) studies and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, covered for Medicare Advantage enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.*

Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will also pay for part of the costs. We will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 6 for more information for submitting requests for payments.

Here's an example of how the cost sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would

then notify your plan that you received a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you \$10. Therefore, your net payment is \$10, the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits. Please note that in order to receive payment from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following**:

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example,
 Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition
 would normally require only one CT scan.
- Items and services customarily provided by the research sponsors free-of-charge for any enrollee in the trial.

Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies*. (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf.) You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

Section 6.2 Receiving Care from a Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says

you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is* required under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - \circ and You must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.

Our plan covers unlimited additional days for your inpatient hospital care when medically necessary. Refer to the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

Section 7.1 Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of our plan, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan, even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan. Under certain limited circumstances, we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Member Services for more information. Depending on the DME item, you may be given the option to own the equipment. The health plan and its DME provider will contact you when that option is available.

What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count. You will have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.

Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance

What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

CHAPTER 4:

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP). Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

• Coinsurance is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Because our members also get assistance from Medicaid, most members will not pay an out-of-pocket cost for medical services that are covered under Medicare Part A and Part B (see the Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2, below). If you are eligible for Medicare cost-sharing assistance under Medicaid, you pay nothing for your Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services as long as you follow the plans' rules for getting your care. (See Chapter 3 for more information about the plans' rules for getting your care.)

Section 1.2 What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?

Note: Because our members also get assistance from Medicaid, very few members ever reach this out-of-pocket maximum. If you are eligible for Medicare cost-sharing assistance under Medicaid, you are not responsible for paying any out-of-pocket costs toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount for covered Part A and Part B services.

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit on the amount you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for medical services that are covered under Medicare Part A and Part B. This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. For calendar year 2025 this amount is \$3,450.00.

The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. The amounts you pay for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are noted in the Medical Benefits Chart. If you reach the

maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$3,450.00, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow providers to balance bill you

As a member of HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP), an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
 - o If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services.)
 - o If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral, or for emergencies or outside the service area for urgently needed services.)
- If you believe a provider has balance billed you, call Member Services.

We do not allow providers to bill you for covered services. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service. If you receive a bill from a provider, call Member Services.

SECTION 2 Use the *Medical Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered and how much you will pay

Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) covers and what you pay out of pocket for each service. Part D prescription drug coverage is in Chapter 5. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) *must* be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- For new enrollees, your MA coordinated care plan must provide a minimum 90-day transition period, during which time the new MA plan may not require prior authorization for any active course of treatment, even if the course of treatment was for a service that commenced with an out-of-network provider.
- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered unless it is emergent or urgent care or unless your plan or a network provider has given you a referral. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. In most situations, your PCP must give you approval in advance before you can see other providers in the plan's network. This is called giving you a referral.
- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called prior authorization) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart by a footnote in bold and in italics.
- If your coordinated care plan provides approval of a prior authorization request for a course of treatment, the approval must be valid for as long as medically reasonable and necessary to avoid disruptions in care in accordance with applicable coverage criteria, your medical history, and the treating provider's recommendation.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

• You are covered by both Medicare and Medicaid. Medicare covers health care and prescription drugs. Medicaid covers your cost sharing for Medicare services. Medicaid also covers services

Medicare does not cover.

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2025* handbook. View it online at www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2025, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.
- We provide the plan benefits in the chart below and immediately following that chart, the Medicaid benefits are provided.
- If you are within our plan's 6-month period of deemed continued eligibility, we will continue to provide all Medicare Advantage plan-covered Medicare benefits. However, during this period, we will stop covering any Medicaid benefits that are included under Florida Medicaid and you will be responsible for paying any Medicare premiums or plan cost sharing that the plan would otherwise cover for you had you not lost your Medicare Savings Program (MSP) or full benefit dual eligible (FBDE) status. The cost-sharing amounts described in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document will not change during this period.

If you are eligible for Medicare cost-sharing assistance under Medicaid, you do not pay anything for the services listed in the Benefits Chart, as long as you meet the coverage requirements described above.

Important Benefit Information for Enrollees Who Qualify for "Extra Help":

- If you receive "Extra Help" to pay your Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance, you may be eligible for other targeted supplemental benefits and/or targeted reduced cost sharing.
- For further detail, please go to the **VBID** row in the Medical Benefits Chart below.

Important Benefit Information for Enrollees with Chronic Conditions

- If you are diagnosed with the following chronic condition(s) identified below and meet certain criteria, you may be eligible for special supplemental benefits for the chronically ill.
 - Chronic alcohol use disorder and other substance use disorders;
 - Autoimmune disorders:

- Polyarteritis nodosa,
- Polymyalgia rheumatica,
- · Polymyositis,
- Dermatomyositis,
- Rheumatoid arthritis,
- Systemic lupus erythematosus,
- Psoriatic arthritis, and
- Scleroderma;
- Cancer;
- Cardiovascular disorders:
 - Cardiac arrhythmias,
 - · Coronary artery disease,
 - · Peripheral vascular disease, and
 - Valvular heart disease;
- Chronic heart failure;
- Dementia;
- Diabetes mellitus;
 - Pre-diabetes (Fasting blood glucose: 100-125 mg/dl or Hgb A1C:5.7-6.4%)
- Overweight, Obesity, and Metabolic Syndrome;
- Chronic gastrointestinal disease:
 - Chronic liver disease,
 - Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD),
 - Hepatitis B,
 - Hepatitis C,
 - Pancreatitis,

- · Irritable bowel syndrome, and
- Inflammatory bowel disease;
- Chronic kidney disease (CKD):
 - CKD requiring dialysis/End-stage renal disease (ESRD), and
 - CKD not requiring dialysis;
- Severe hematologic disorders:
 - · Aplastic anemia,
 - Hemophilia,
 - Immune thrombocytopenic purpura,
 - Myelodysplastic syndrome,
 - Sickle-cell disease (excluding sickle-cell trait), and
 - Chronic venous thromboembolic disorder;
- HIV/AIDS;
- Chronic lung disorders:
 - Asthma,
 - Chronic bronchitis,
 - · Cystic Fibrosis,
 - Emphysema,
 - Pulmonary fibrosis,
 - · Pulmonary hypertension, and
 - Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD);
- Chronic and disabling mental health conditions:
 - Bipolar disorders,
 - Major depressive disorders,
 - Paranoid disorder,

- · Schizophrenia,
- Schizoaffective disorder,
- Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD),
- Eating Disorders, and
- Anxiety disorders;
- Neurologic disorders:
 - Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS),
 - Cerebral Palsy,
 - Epilepsy,
 - Extensive paralysis (that is, hemiplegia, quadriplegia, paraplegia, monoplegia),
 - Huntington's disease,
 - Multiple sclerosis,
 - Parkinson's disease,
 - Polyneuropathy,
 - Fibromyalgia,
 - Chronic fatigue syndrome,
 - Spinal cord injuries,
 - Spinal stenosis,
 - Stroke-related neurologic deficit; and
 - Traumatic brain injury
- Stroke;
- Post-organ transplantation care;
- o Immunodeficiency and Immunosuppressive disorders;
- o Conditions that may cause cognitive impairment:
 - Alzheimer's disease,

- Intellectual and developmental disabilities,
- Traumatic brain injuries,
- Disabling mental illness associated with cognitive impairment, and
- Mild cognitive impairment;
- Conditions that may cause similar functional challenges and require similar services:
 - Spinal cord injuries,
 - Paralysis,
 - Limb loss,
 - Stroke, and
 - Arthritis;
- Chronic conditions that impair vision, hearing (deafness), taste, touch, and smell;
- Conditions that require continued therapy services in order for individuals to maintain or retain functioning.
- Other
 - Hypertension
 - Osteoporosis
 - Chronic back pain
- In addition to the chronic condition(s) diagnosis, the following eligibility criteria applies:
- 1. Your condition(s) are life-threatening or significantly limit your overall health or function;
- 2. There is a high risk of hospitalization or other adverse health outcomes, and
- 3. You require intensive care coordination
- Your request for these benefits will be reviewed to confirm your eligibility and that you are meeting the criteria. If eligible, the benefit(s) will be approved and you will be provided instructions on how to receive the benefit(s).
- Please go to the "Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill" row in the below Medical Benefits Chart for further detail.

• Please contact us to find out exactly which benefits you may be eligible for.



You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

Medical Benefits Chart

Additional services may be covered in accordance with your Medicaid benefits and guidelines.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist. Prior authorization and referral may be required.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.
Acupuncture for chronic low back pain Covered services include:	\$0.00 copay for each Medicare-covered acupuncture visit.
Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances: For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as: • lasting 12 weeks or longer;	
 nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.); 	
not associated with surgery; and	
not associated with pregnancy.	
An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.	
Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing. Provider Requirements: Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
with applicable state requirements.	
Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa) (5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have: • a masters or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and,	
• a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e. Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia.	
Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.	
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
Alternative Medicine - Massage Therapy We cover up to 24 therapeutic massage visits every year at plan approved locations. Services must be ordered by a physician or medical professional. Prior authorization and referral may be required.	Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. \$0.00 copay for up to 24 visits each year.
Alternative Medicine - Platelet-Rich Plasma (PRP) Platelet-Rich Plasma (PRP) is for Osteoarthritis Pain Management. This is a supplemental benefit to reduce opioid usage and treat or ameliorate the impact of an injury or illness as defined by the plan. With prior approval from the plan and a referral from your physician, Platelet-Rich Plasma injections for Osteoarthritis Pain Management are available to promote healing and treat pain in orthopedic medicine.	Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. \$0.00 copay for Platelet-Rich Plasma Therapy (PRP) for Osteoarthritis Pain Management.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
There is no limit to the parts of the body this would be used for. However, at most, treatment will be applied to any one body part no more than three consecutive months up to twice per year. Diagnosis correlated with physical exam and confirmed with imaging studies such as x-ray, ultrasound, MRI, or CT scan must be established prior to initiation of treatment as well as other pre-treatment recommendations satisfied. Prior authorization and referral may be required. Ambulance services	\$0.00 copay for each one-way
Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan. If the covered ambulance services are not for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required. Prior authorization is required for non-emergency ambulance services, and for a transfer between institutions or a transfer back home from a facility following an inpatient discharge.	ambulance trip by ground or water. \$0.00 copay for each one-way air ambulance trip.
Annual Wellness visit If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months. Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a Welcome to Medicare visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
Bone mass measurement For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results. Prior authorization and referral may be required.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.
Breast cancer screening (mammograms) Covered services include: One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 One screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and older Clinical breast exams once every 24 months Prior authorization and referral may be required.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.
Cardiac rehabilitation services Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs. Prior authorization and referral may be required.	\$0.00 copay for each covered therapy visit to treat you if you've had a heart condition.
Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease) We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
Cardiovascular disease testing Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months). Prior authorization and referral may be required.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.
 Cervical and vaginal cancer screening Covered services include: For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months Prior authorization and referral may be required.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.
Chiropractic services Covered services include: • Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation Prior authorization and referral may be required.	Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. \$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered chiropractic visits.
Colorectal cancer screening The following screening tests are covered: Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam including barium enema exam.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema.	
• Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema.	
• Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months.	
 Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. 	
• Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.	
Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy.	
Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patient not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy.	
Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-up screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.	
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
Dental services - Medicare-covered In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare currently pays for dental services in a	\$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered dental services.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
limited number of circumstances, specifically when that service is an integral part of specific treatment of a beneficiary's primary medical condition. Some examples include reconstruction of the jaw following fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams preceding kidney transplantation.	
Prior authorization may be required for comprehensive dental services.	
Dental services - Supplemental	Any costs you pay for Medicare
This plan covers up to a \$5,000 allowance for covered preventive and comprehensive dental services every year.	Non-covered Services will not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount.
Preventive dental services	\$0.00 copay for covered
Two oral exams every year	supplemental dental benefits.
Two prophylaxis (cleanings) every year	To be covered in-network, you need to use a provider that is contracted with our dental vendor to provide supplemental dental services. Care rendered
Two fluoride treatments every year	
Two periapical dental x-rays every year	
One series of bitewing dental x-rays two times every year	by a provider that is not part of
One complete series of full-mouth (panoramic) x-rays every three years	our supplemental dental network is not covered.
Comprehensive dental services • Up to two implants every year	
Up to two crowns every year	
Up to two root canals every year	
Up to four amalgam or resin fillings every year (once per tooth per surface every 36 months)	
Up to four procedurals including extractions or removal of residual tooth roots every year	
One periodontal scaling/root planing per each quadrant every	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
year	
One full mouth debridement every 24 consecutive months	
Two periodontal maintenance every year	
One complete denture or partial denture of the upper jaw (per arch) every three years	
One complete denture or partial denture of the lower jaw (per arch) every three years	
Other adjunctive general services: local anesthesia in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures, palliative (emergency) treatment of dental pain - minor procedures, office visit for observation (no other services performed), and two second opinion evaluations by a participating dentist every year.	
Prior authorization may be required for comprehensive dental services.	
Depression screening	There is no coinsurance,
We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and referrals.	copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
Diabetes screening	There is no coinsurance,
We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.	copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered diabetes screening tests.
You may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months following the date of your most recent diabetes screening	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
test. Prior authorization and referral may be required.	©0.00 C
 Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include: Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors. For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting. Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions. Glucometers, blood test strips, and lancets are limited to the following manufacturers: Precision, TrueMatrix, TrueTest, Contour, Ascensia, and Freestyle. Prior authorization may be required. 	 \$0.00 copay for covered charges for training to help you learn how to monitor your diabetes. \$0.00 copay for: Blood glucose test strips Lancet devices and lancets Blood glucose monitors \$0.00 copay for therapeutic shoes, including fitting the shoes or inserts. \$0.00 copay for covered charges for training to help you learn how to monitor your diabetes.
Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (For a definition of durable medical equipment, see Chapter 12 as well as Chapter 3, Section 7 of this document.) Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.	\$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered 'Freestyle Libre' Continuous Glucose Monitors (CGM's) and their supplies. \$0.00 copay for Hyaluronic Acids approved by the plan.

Services that are covered for you

What you must pay when you get these services

We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you.

The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website <u>www.</u> <u>healthsun.com</u>.

Continuous Glucose Monitors are available as a covered benefit for diabetics who require the use of insulin and have difficulty controlling their blood sugar levels.

Freestyle Libre are this plan's preferred brand for Continuous Glucose Monitors (CGMs).

- CGMs must be purchased at a network retail pharmacy.
- We will not cover CGMs purchased through a DME provider.

DUROLANE, EUFLEXXA, SUPARTZ, and Gel-SYN-3 are the brands that we will cover for Hyaluronic Acids. Other Hyaluronic Acid brands are covered only if deemed medically necessary by the provider.

Generally, HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) covers any DME covered by Original Medicare from the brands and manufacturers on this list. We will not cover other brands and manufacturers unless your doctor or other provider tells us that the brand is appropriate for your medical needs. However, if you are new to HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) and are using a brand of DME that is not on our list, we will continue to cover this brand for you for up to 90 days.

During this time, you should talk with your doctor to decide what brand is medically appropriate for you after this 90-day period. (If you disagree with your doctor, you can ask him or her to refer you for a second opinion.)

If you (or your provider) don't agree with the plan's coverage decision, you or your provider may file an appeal. You can also file an appeal if you don't agree with your provider's decision about what

\$0.00 copay for all other Medicare-covered durable medical equipment.

\$0.00 copay or Medicare oxygen equipment coverage every month. Your cost sharing will not change after being enrolled for 36 months.

If prior to enrolling in HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) you had made 36 months of rental payments for oxygen equipment coverage, your cost sharing in HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) is \$0.00 copay.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
product or brand is appropriate for your medical condition. (For more information about appeals, see Chapter 9, <i>What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)</i> .	
Prior authorization may be required.	
Emergency care refers to services that are: • Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and • Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse. Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network. We also cover outside of the U.S. and its territories: • Worldwide emergency care • Worldwide emergency transportation \$100,000 is the maximum plan benefit covered for worldwide emergency and urgent care services. Please see Ambulance and Urgently needed services for other important coverage and cost-sharing information.	\$0.00 copay for each covered emergency room visit. If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must return to a network hospital in order for your care to continue to be covered <i>OR</i> you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital. This plan covers emergency services if you're traveling outside of the United States for less than six months. Coverage is limited to \$100,000 per year for worldwide emergency services. This is a supplemental benefit. It's not covered by the Federal Medicare program. You must pay all costs over \$100,000 and

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	added travel insurance through an authorized agency.
	\$0.00 copay for each covered worldwide urgent care visit, emergency ground transportation, or emergency room visit.
Everyday Options Allowance	Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not
Everyday Options Allowance for Assistive Devices, Groceries ¹ , and Utilities ¹	count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount.
 The Everyday Options Allowance for Assistive Devices, Groceries, and Utilities provides you with a combined spending allowance of \$225 each month on your Benefits Mastercard® Prepaid Card. This spending allowance can be used to pay for: Assistive and safety devices like ADA toilet seats, shower stools, hand-held shower heads, reaching devices, temporary wheelchair threshold ramps, and more. 	In-Network: \$0.00 copay for Everyday Options Allowance.
 Food items like fresh meats, seafood, fruits, vegetables, dairy products, pantry staples, and more. 	
• Utilities including gas for your home, electric, water, cable, internet, or cell phone services.	
You may not use this card to purchase items such as gift cards, tobacco or alcohol. The Benefits Prepaid Card is automatically loaded at the beginning of each month. Unused amounts expire at the end of each month. The card cannot be used to set up automated recurring transactions.	
You have a variety of convenient ways to use your benefit: 1. Shop in-store at participating retailers near you (Groceries only)	
2. Shop online on the approved vendor website	

Services that are covered for you What you must pay when you get these services 3. Shop on the approved vendor mobile app Call to place an order Order by mail (Assistive Devices only) 6. With your utility provider Note: Orders for Groceries must be placed through the plan's approved vendor, or your purchase made at a participating retail store. Specific name brands may not be available, and quantities may be limited or restricted. Minimum order quantities and delivery fees may apply for online/delivery orders. Not all products are available for delivery See ordering site for details. Assistive devices are limited to those offered by the approved vendor, and are subject to availability. Quantity limits may apply. Installation services are not included. Any repair or replacement is limited to the manufacturer's warranty. Once you reach your monthly spending allowance, you are responsible for the remaining cost of your purchases. You can only pay for your own items and cannot convert the card to cash. Some utility providers/merchants may charge processing fees for online or credit card payments. If your Benefits Prepaid Card is not accepted for payment or in the event of a card transaction failure, you may submit a reimbursement request along with proof of payment. Contact information is listed on the back of your Benefits Prepaid Card. A reimbursement request must be submitted within 90 days of the date of payment.

¹Value Based Insurance Design benefit

What you must pay when you get these services



Health and wellness education programs

The plan covers the following supplemental educational/wellness programs:

- Health Education provided to members for whom a need for education about a specific disease or condition is identified through a health risk assessment or a physician or self-generated referral.
- Nutritional/dietary counseling sessions performed by licensed or certified staff to help manage their condition or disease.

Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

\$0.00 copay for health and wellness programs covered by this plan.

Prior authorization and referral may be required.

Healthy Meals-Post Discharge

After you are discharged from an inpatient stay at a hospital or skilled nursing facility, you may qualify for nutritious, precooked meals delivered to you at no cost. A portion of this benefit may be used to obtain replacement shakes.

After an overnight stay at a hospital or skilled nursing facility, you may be contacted by the plan or one of its representatives, to see if you would like this benefit. Alternatively, you or your provider/case manager can contact Member Services after your discharge and a representative will help validate that you qualify for the benefit and arrange for you to be contacted to complete a nutritional assessment and schedule delivery of your meals.

In order for us to provide your meals benefit, we, or a third party acting on our behalf, may need to contact you using the phone number you provided to confirm shipping details and any nutritional requirements.

\$0.00 copay for up to 3 meals a day for 14 days following your discharge from the hospital or skilled nursing facility (SNF).

Hearing services - Medicare-covered

Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider. **\$0.00** copay for each Medicare-covered hearing exam to determine if you need medical treatment for a hearing condition.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Hearing services - Supplemental This plan covers 1 routine hearing exam every year. This plan covers 1 routine hearing aid fitting evaluation and a \$2,000 maximum plan benefit for 2 prescribed hearing aids every year.	Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. \$0.00 copay for routine hearing exam(s). \$0.00 copay for hearing aids up to the maximum plan benefit amount.
 HIV screening For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover: One screening exam every 12 months For women who are pregnant, we cover: Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy Prior authorization and referral may be required. 	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.
 Home health agency care Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort. Covered services include, but are not limited to: Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (to be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week) Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy 	\$0.00 copay for each covered visit from a home health agency.

	What you must pay when you get these services
Medical and social services	
Medical equipment and supplies	
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
Home Infusion therapy	\$0.00 copay for Home Infusion
Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters)	Therapy (HIT) professional services furnished by a qualified HIT supplier in the patient's home.
Covered services include but are not limited to: • Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care	
Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefits	
Remote monitoring	
Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier	
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
Hospice care	When you enroll in a
You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan's service area, including those the MA organization owns, controls, or has a	Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not our plan.
financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider. Covered services include:	\$0.00 copay if you get a hospice consultation by a Primary Care Provider (PCP) before you elect

What you must pay when you get these services

- Drugs for symptom control and pain relief
- Short-term respite care
- Home care

For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for. You will be billed Original Medicare cost sharing.

For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis: If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network and follow plan rules (such as if there is a requirement to obtain prior authorization).

- If you obtain the covered services from a network provider and following plan rules for obtaining services, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services
- If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost-sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare)

For services that are covered by our plan but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B: The plan will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.

For drugs that may be covered by the plan's Part D benefit: If these drugs are unrelated to your terminal hospice condition you pay cost sharing. If they are related to your terminal hospice condition then you pay Original Medicare cost sharing. Drugs are never covered by

hospice.

\$0.00 copay if you get a hospice consultation by a specialist before you elect hospice.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please see Chapter 5, Section 9.3 (What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice). Note: If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.	
Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.	
 Immunizations Covered Medicare Part B services include: Pneumonia vaccines Flu/influenza shots (or vaccines), once each flu/influenza season in the fall and winter, with additional flu/influenza shots (or vaccines) if medically necessary Hepatitis B vaccines if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B COVID-19 vaccines Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules We also cover most other adult vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit. Prior authorization and referral may be required.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, flu/influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines. You can get a flu/influenza, pneumonia or COVID-19 vaccines without asking a doctor to refer you. The shingles shot is only covered under the Part D Prescription Drug benefit.
Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day. This plan covers 90 days per benefit period and 60 extra "lifetime"	For covered hospital stays: \$0.00 copay per stay A benefit period starts on the first day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility.

What you must pay when you get these services

reserve days" per lifetime. Covered services include but are not limited to:

- Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)
- Meals including special diets
- Regular nursing services
- Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)
- Drugs and medications
- Lab tests
- X-rays and other radiology services
- Necessary surgical and medical supplies
- Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs
- Operating and recovery room costs
- Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy
- Inpatient substance use disorder services
- Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are at a distant location, you may choose to go locally or distant as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If the plan provides transplant services at a distant location (outside of the service area) and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we

The benefit period ends when you haven't had any inpatient hospital care or skilled care in a SNF for 60 days in a row.

Beyond 90 days you are entitled to 60 "lifetime reserve days". You pay a \$0.00 copay per day for each of the 60 lifetime reserve days. These are extra days that we cover once in your lifetime. Once you have used up these extra days, your inpatient hospital coverage will be limited to 90 days.

Your doctor must call the plan for prior authorization of all non-emergency and non-urgent hospital admissions in order for us to be responsible for payment of services. All transplant services must receive prior authorization.

If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost-sharing you would pay at a network hospital.

What you must pay when you get these services

will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and one companion. The reimbursement for transportation costs are while you and your companion are traveling to and from the medical providers for services related to the transplant care. The plan defines the distant location as a location that is outside of the member's service area AND a minimum of 75 miles from the member's home. For each travel and lodging reimbursement request, please submit a letter from the Medicare-approved transplant center indicating the dates you were an inpatient of the Medicare-approved transplant center, and the dates you were treated as an outpatient when required to be near the Medicare-approved transplant center to receive treatment/services related to the transplant care. Please also include documentation of any companion and the dates they traveled with you while you were receiving services related to the transplant care. Travel reimbursement forms can be requested from Member Services. Transportation and lodging costs will be reimbursed for travel mileage and lodging consistent with current IRS travel mileage and lodging guidelines on the date services are rendered. Accommodations for lodging will be reimbursed at the lesser of: 1) billed charges, or 2) consistent with IRS guidelines for maximum lodging for that location. You can access current reimbursement on the US General Services Administration website www.gsa.gov. All requests for reimbursement must be submitted within one year (12 months) from the date incurred. For more information on how and where to submit a claim, please go to Chapter 6, Section 2, How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received.

 Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are also covered beginning with the first pint used.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Physician services	
Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.	
You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://es.medicare-gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
 Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay. Our plan covers up to 190 days in a lifetime for inpatient mental health care in a psychiatric hospital. The inpatient hospital care limit does not apply to inpatient mental services provided in a general hospital. Our plan also covers 60 "lifetime reserve days." These are "extra" days that we cover. If your hospital stay is longer than 90 days, you can use these extra days. But once you have used up these extra 60 days, your inpatient hospital coverage will be limited to 90 days. Prior authorization and referral may be required. 	For covered hospital stays: \$0.00 copay per stay A benefit period starts on the first day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't had any inpatient hospital care or skilled care in a SNF for 60 days in a row. Plan covers 90 days each benefit period.
Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay This plan covers up to 100 days per benefit period for skilled nursing	You are covered for these services according to Medicare guidelines when the hospital or SNF days are not, or are no

What you must pay when you get these services

facility (SNF) care. Once you have reached your SNF coverage limit, the plan will no longer cover your stay in the hospital or SNF. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or SNF. Additional services may be covered in accordance with your Medicaid benefits and guidelines.

If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Physician services
- Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)
- X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services
- Surgical dressings
- Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations
- Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices
- Leg, arm, back, and neck braces, trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition
- Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy

longer covered.

These services will be covered as described in this Benefit Chart. Please refer to the following sections in this Chapter:

- Physician/Practitioner
 Services, including office
 visits
- Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies
- Prosthetics Devices and Related Supplies
- Outpatient Rehabilitation Services

Prior authorization and referral may be required.



Medical nutrition therapy

This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when referred by your doctor.	Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.
We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year. *Prior authorization and referral may be required.*	
*	There is no coinsurance,
Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)	copayment, or deductible for the
MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.	MDPP benefit.
MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that	
provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased	
physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.	
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
Medicare Part B prescription drugs	Cost-sharing is based on the
These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our	medical setting where it is received.
plan. Covered drugs include:	00.00
• Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and	\$0.00 copay for a one-month's supply of Medicare Part B Insulin drugs administered at a pharmacy or select clinic
are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services	
• Insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump)	location.
	\$0.00 copay for Medicare Part
• Other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan	B Chemotherapy/Radiation
	drugs and other Medicare Part B drugs administered at a
The Alzheimer's drug, Leqembi®, (generic name)	diugo auministei eu at a

What you must pay when you get these services

lecanemab), which is administered intravenously. In addition to medication costs, you may need additional scans and tests before and/or during treatment that could add to your overall costs. Talk to your doctor about what scans and tests you may need as part of your treatment

- Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia
- Transplant/Immunosuppressive Drugs: Medicare covers transplant drug therapy if Medicare paid for your organ transplant. You must have Part A at the time of the covered transplant, and you must have Part B at the time you get immunosuppressive drugs. Keep in mind, Medicare drug coverage (Part D) covers immunosuppressive drugs if Part B doesn't cover them
- Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug
- Some Antigens: Medicare covers antigens if a doctor prepares them and a properly instructed person (who could be you, the patient) gives them under appropriate supervision
- Certain oral anti-cancer drugs: Medicare covers some oral
 cancer drugs you take by mouth if the same drug is available
 in injectable form or the drug is a prodrug (an oral form of a
 drug that, when ingested, breaks down into the same active
 ingredient found in the injectable drug) of the injectable drug.
 As new oral cancer drugs become available, Part B may cover
 them. If Part B doesn't cover them, Part D does
- Oral anti-nausea drugs: Medicare covers oral anti-nausea drugs you use as part of an anti-cancer chemotherapeutic regimen if they're administered before, at, or within 48 hours of chemotherapy or are used as a full therapeutic replacement

pharmacy or select clinic location.

\$0.00 copay - \$35.00 copay for a one-month's supply of Medicare Part B Insulin Drugs provided at a physician's office or at a hospital as an outpatient service.

20% coinsurance for Medicare Part B Chemotherapy/Radiation Drugs and other Medicare Part B drugs provided at a physician's office or at a hospital as an outpatient service. You may see lower out-of-pocket costs for certain chemotherapy and Part B drugs with prices that have increased faster than the rate of inflation.

There are some Medicare Part B drugs that require Step Therapy in addition to obtaining prior authorization. Step Therapy is a utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before the Plan will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed. Contact the plan for more information.

Dual-eligible members who receive cost-sharing assistance

Services that are covered for you What you must pay when you get these services from Medicaid for for an intravenous anti-nausea drug Medicare-covered services, this Certain oral End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) drugs if the plan covers the full cost of your same drug is available in injectable form and the Part B Medicare Part B prescription ESRD benefit covers it drugs, regardless of the medical setting, as long as you follow the Calcimimetic medications under the ESRD payment system, plans' rules for getting your care. including the intravenous medication Parsabiv®, and the oral medication Sensipar® Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, and topical anesthetics Erythropoiesis-stimulating agents: Medicare covers erythropoietin by injection if you have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) or you need this drug to treat anemia related to certain other conditions (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Retarcrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, Darbepoetin Alfa, or Methroxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta Mircera®) Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases Parenteral and enteral nutrition (intravenous and tube feeding) Some of the Part B covered drugs listed above may be subject to step therapy. The following link will take you to a list of Part B Drugs that may be subject to Step Therapy: www.healthsun.com We also cover some vaccines under our Part B and most adult vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit. Chapter 5 explains the Part D prescription drug benefit, including rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered. Prior authorization may be required. 24/7 Nurseline Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not Members have access to a toll free nurse line to speak directly to a count toward your maximum

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
registered nurse who will help answer health-related questions. Call our Member Services at 1-877-336-2069 to connect.	out-of-pocket amount. \$0.00 copay for the Nurseline services.
Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more. Prior authorization and referral may be required.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.
 Opioid Treatment Program Services Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services: U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable) Substance use disorder counseling Individual and group therapy Toxicology testing Intake activities Periodic assessments Prior authorization and referral may be required. 	You pay \$0.00 copay for Opioid Treatment Program Services.
	DO DO
Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services	\$0.00 copay for

What you must pay when you get these services

and supplies

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- X-rays
- Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies
- Surgical supplies, such as dressings
- Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations
- Laboratory tests
- Blood including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are also covered beginning with the first pint used.
- Other outpatient diagnostic tests

Prior authorization and referral may be required.

Medicare-covered basic radiology (X-rays) services at a freestanding facility.

\$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered basic radiology (X-rays) services at a hospital facility as an outpatient.

\$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology (advanced imaging) services at a freestanding facility.

\$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology (advanced imaging) services at a hospital facility as an outpatient.

\$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered ultrasound services at a freestanding facility.

\$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered ultrasound services at a hospital facility as an outpatient.

\$0.00 copay for each covered lab service.

\$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered diagnostic

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	procedures and tests at a freestanding facility.
	\$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered diagnostic procedures and tests at a hospital facility as an outpatient.
	\$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology (radiation therapy/nuclear medicine) services at a freestanding facility.
	\$0.00 copay Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology (radiation therapy/nuclear medicine) services at a hospital facility as an outpatient.
	\$0.00 copay of the cost for Medicare-covered medical supplies.
	\$0.00 copay for covered blood, blood storage, processing and handling services.
Outpatient hospital observation Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be	\$0.00 copay for each observation room service you get at an outpatient hospital.

services, x-rays, and

therapeutic radiological

Services that are covered for you What you must pay when you get these services discharged. For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests. **Note:** Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff. You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://es.medicare. gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Prior authorization may be required. **\$0.00** copay for outpatient **Outpatient hospital services** hospital services such as: We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient covered surgery services department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury. covered emergency services Covered services include, but are not limited to: Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, covered observation such as observation services or outpatient surgery room services Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital covered laboratory tests, diagnostic tests, Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization diagnostic radiological program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be

required without it

- What you must pay when you get these services
- X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital
- Medical supplies such as splints and casts
- Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself

Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.

You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://es.medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Prior authorization and referral may be required.

services.

• covered medical supplies such as splints and casts

\$0.00 copay - 20% coinsurance for certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself. You may see lower out-of-pocket costs for certain chemotherapy and Part B drugs with prices that have increased faster than the rate of inflation. Please see the Medicare Part B drugs section for details on certain drugs and biologicals.

Dual-eligible members who receive cost-sharing assistance from Medicaid, the plan covers the full cost of your Medicare Part A and Part B services.

Additional information about other outpatient services can be found elsewhere in this benefit chart for emergency room visits, outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services, outpatient mental health, partial hospitalization, prosthetic devices and medical supplies, and Medicare Part B drugs section for details on certain drugs and biologicals.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Covered services include: Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner (NP), physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws. Prior authorization and referral may be required.	\$0.00 copay for each covered therapy visit. This applies to individual or group therapy.
Outpatient rehabilitation services Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy. Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs). Prior authorization and referral may be required.	\$0.00 copay for each covered physical, occupational and speech language therapy visit.
Outpatient substance use disorder services Outpatient mental health care for the diagnosis and/or treatment of substance use related disorders. Prior authorization and referral may be required.	\$0.00 copay for each covered therapy visit. This applies to individual or group therapy.
Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.	\$0.00 copay for each covered surgery or observation room service in an outpatient hospital. \$0.00 copay for each covered surgery in an ambulatory surgical center.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
Over the Counter (OTC) products We cover \$130 every month for your OTC items. The OTC benefit amount does not carry over month to month. You must place your order from the plan-approved OTC Formulary. The OTC Formulary is provided in your enrollment welcome package and available on our website www.healthsun.com . For more information on placing your OTC order with the plan, call us at 1-877-336-2069. TTY: 1-877-206-0500.	Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. This plan covers certain approved, non-prescription, over-the-counter drugs and health-related items, up to \$130 every month. Unused OTC amounts expire at the end of each month.
Partial hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's, therapist's licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization. Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's office LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office but less intense than partial hospitalization. Note: Because there are no community mental health centers in our network, we cover partial hospitalization only in a hospital outpatient setting. Prior authorization and referral may be required.	\$0.00 copay for each covered partial hospitalization visit.

What you must pay when you get these services

Personal Emergency Response System (PERS)

Coverage of one personal emergency response system and monthly monitoring in the member's home when arranged by the Plan with our contracted vendor.

The Personal Emergency Response System benefit provides an in-home device to notify appropriate personnel of an emergency (e.g., a fall).

For more information or to request the device, call Member Services at 1-877-336-2069. TTY: 1-877-206-0500.

Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

\$0.00 copay for one personal emergency response system and monthly monitoring by a contracted vendor.

Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits

Covered services include:

- Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician's office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location
- Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist
- Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your PCP or specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment
- Certain telehealth services including Medicare-covered telehealth services from your primary care physician, a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant affiliated with the primary care, individual sessions for mental health visits or individual sessions for psychiatric services.
 - You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to receive one of these services by telehealth, then you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth.
- Some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis,

\$0.00 copay for each covered Primary Care Physician (PCP) office visit.

\$0.00 copay for each covered specialist office visit.

\$0.00 copay for defined Medicare-covered telehealth services from your primary care physician, a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant affiliated with network primary care, a network mental health provider or network psychiatric provider.

All other specialties, Medicare-covered telehealth services will apply the applicable cost share found in this benefit chart based on their specialty.

Servio	ces that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	and treatment by a physician or practitioner for patients in certain rural areas or other locations approved by Medicare	
•	Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home	
•	Telehealth services to diagnosis, evaluate or treat of symptoms of an acute stroke, regardless of your location	
•	Telehealth services to members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location	
•	Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders, if:	
	 You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit 	
	 You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services 	
	 Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances 	
•	Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers	
•	Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if:	
	 You're not a new patient and 	
	 The check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and 	
	o The check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
hours or soonest available appointment	
• Evaluation of video and/or images you sent to your doctor and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if:	
 You're not a new patient and 	
 The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and 	
 The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or soonest available appointment 	
Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by telephone, internet, or electronic health record	
Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery	
Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician)	
Telehealth services provided by qualified occupational therapists (OTs), physical therapists (PTs), speech-language pathologists (SLPs), and audiologists	
Prior authorization and referral are required for specialist physician and other healthcare professional services. See Chapter 3, Section 2.2 for services that do not require a referral.	
Podiatry services - Medicare-covered	\$0.00 copay for each
Covered services include: • Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)	Medicare-covered foot care visit. This is for routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs	lower limbs.
Prior authorization may be required.	
 Podiatry services - Supplemental This plan covers additional foot care services not covered by Original Medicare: Removal or cutting of corns or calluses, trimming nails and other hygienic and preventive care in the absence of localized illness, injury, or symptoms involving the feet 1 routine foot care visit(s) each quarter. Prior authorization may be required. 	Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. \$0.00 copay for each routine foot care visit.
Prostate cancer screening exams For men aged 50 and older, covered services include the following - once every 12 months: • Digital rectal exam • Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test Prior authorization and referral may be required.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.
Prior authorization may be required. Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and orthotic devices as well as colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic and orthotic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic and orthotic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see Vision Care later in this section for more detail.	\$0.00 copay for covered prosthetic devices and supplies. You must get prosthetic devices and supplies from a supplier who works with this plan. They will not be covered if you buy them from a pharmacy.
Prior authorization may be required.	

Services that are covered for you What you must pay when you get these services Pulmonary rehabilitation services **\$0.00** copay for each covered pulmonary rehabilitation visit. Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease. Prior authorization and referral may be required. There is no coinsurance, Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol copayment, or deductible for the misuse Medicare-covered screening and We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare counseling to reduce alcohol (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol but aren't alcohol misuse preventive benefit. dependent. If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting. Prior authorization and referral may be required. There is no coinsurance, Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed copayment, or deductible for the tomography (LDCT) Medicare covered counseling For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months. and shared decision making visit or for the LDCT. Eligible members are: people aged 50 - 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive an order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the member must receive an order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified

non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
counseling and shared decision making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.	
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy. We also cover up to two individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.
Prior authorization and referral may be required.	
Covered services include: • Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime.	\$0.00 copay for each covered kidney disease education service visit. \$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered renal dialysis services.
 Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible) 	
• Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an	

Services that are covered for you What you must pay when you get these services inpatient to a hospital for special care) Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments) Home dialysis equipment and supplies Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply) Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, Medicare Part B prescription drugs. Prior authorization and referral may be required for dialysis services. **SilverSneakers** Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not SilverSneakers® Membership count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. SilverSneakers can help you live a healthier, more active life through fitness and social connection. You are covered for a fitness benefit **\$0.00** copay for the through SilverSneakers at participating locations¹. You have access to instructors who lead specially designed group exercise classes². At SilverSneakers® Fitness participating locations nationwide¹, you can take classes² plus use Program. exercise equipment and other amenities. Additionally, SilverSneakers FLEX® gives you options to get active outside of traditional gyms (like recreation centers, malls and parks). SilverSneakers also connects you to a support network and virtual resources through SilverSneakers Live classes, SilverSneakers On-DemandTM and our mobile app, SilverSneakers GOTM. All you need to get started is your personal SilverSneakers ID number. Go to SilverSneakers.com to learn more about your benefit or call 1-855-741-4985 (TTY: 711) Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. ET. Always talk with your doctor before starting an exercise program. ¹Participating locations ("PL") are not owned or operated by Tivity

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Health, Inc. or its affiliates. Use of PL facilities and amenities is limited to terms and conditions of PL basic membership. Facilities and amenities vary by PL. ² Membership includes SilverSneakers instructor-led group fitness classes. Some locations offer members additional classes. Classes vary by location.	
SilverSneakers is not a gym membership, but a specialized program designed specifically for older adults. Gym memberships or other fitness programs that do not meet the SilverSneakers criteria are excluded.	
SilverSneakers is a registered trademark of Tivity Health, Inc. © 2024 Tivity Health, Inc. All rights reserved. Tivity Health, Inc. is an independent company providing a fitness program on behalf of this plan.	
Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care	For covered SNF stays:
 (For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, see Chapter 12 of this document. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called SNFs.) 100 days per benefit period. No prior hospital stay required. Covered services include but are not limited to: Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary) 	\$0.00 copay per stay A benefit period starts on the first day you are an inpatient in a hospital or skilled nursing
Meals, including special diets	facility. It ends when you have
Skilled nursing services	not had care as an inpatient in a hospital or skilled nursing
Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy	facility for 60 days in a row. If
 Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (this includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors) 	you go into a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins.
 Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are also covered beginning with the first pint used. 	
Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs	

Services that are covered for you What you must pay when you get these services Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by **SNFs** Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by **SNFs** Physician/Practitioner services Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment. A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care) A SNF where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital Prior authorization and referral may be required. There is no coinsurance, Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to copayment, or deductible for the stop smoking or tobacco use) Medicare-covered smoking and If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco use cessation preventive tobacco-related disease: We cover two counseling quit attempts benefits. within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco: We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period; however, you will pay the applicable cost sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. Prior authorization and referral may be required.

What you must pay when you get these services

Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not

Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically III

The following benefit(s) are Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill and available to all member who meet the CMS guidelines for Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill, you must meet the criteria in section 2.1 of this chapter. For qualified individuals, we provide the following:

\$0.00 copay for Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill.

count toward your maximum

out-of-pocket amount.

Healthy Meals - Chronic Condition

Depending on your healthcare needs, diagnosis, and recommendations made by your provider, you may be eligible for a meal program to assist you in maintaining a healthy diet. This benefit provides one meal a day for up to 20 meals per month. Healthy meals provided at plan-approved participating locations to assist in maintaining a healthy diet to support a medical condition or nutritional need.

You can contact Member Services and a representative will help validate that you qualify for the benefit and arrange for you to be contacted to complete a nutritional assessment and schedule delivery of your meals.

Note: We are unable to initiate your benefit without speaking to you. By requesting this benefit, you are expressly authorizing us to contact you by telephone.

Personal Hygiene

We cover up to \$40 every month for routine maintenance of scalp, hair hands and feet. Covered services includes basic hair care (washing/cutting), and treatment of nails. Members are responsible for payment of services provided outside the plan's local clinic locations and for all costs that exceed the monthly limit and will be reimbursed up to the monthly limit by submitting proof of licensed cosmetologists along with a reimbursement form to the Plan. Members are responsible for all costs that exceed the monthly limit.

Prior authorization may be required for Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill.

year for health related services.

Services that are covered for you What you must pay when you get these services **Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)** \$0.00 copay for each covered SET session. SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD). Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met. The SET program must: Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider. Prior authorization and referral may be required. **Transportation** Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not This transportation benefit covers routine, non-emergency one-way count toward your maximum trips (50-mile limit per one-way) to locations within the local service out-of-pocket amount. area when obtaining plan-covered services. **\$0.00** copay. This plan offers coverage for unlimited routine Unlimited one-way trips every year for health-related routine transportation transportation services every

What you must pay when you get these services

Six (6) one-way trips every year for non-health related transportation1

Trips may be covered for getting to and from covered medical visits, and visits to a pharmacy to pick up prescriptions. You can use this benefit for one-way trips or you can schedule a round trip by using two one-way trips. Short stops at a pharmacy to pick up a prescription after a covered medical visit can be made as part of the return trip and will not require a separate trip. Ask the provider/facility to call in the prescription so you have a shorter wait.

When scheduling your ride, let the vendor know if you are in a wheelchair, if you need help, or if someone will be coming with you.

Modes of approved transportation may include:

- Taxi
- Rideshare
- Wheelchair Van
- **Public Transportation**

You must use the plan approved vendor and schedule trips 48 hours (excluding weekends) in advance.

Please refer to the Ambulance Services section in this chart for information on non-emergency Medicare-covered ambulance services.

Prior authorization and referral may be required.

¹Value Based Insurance Design benefit

Urgently needed services

A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or even if you are inside the service area of the plan, it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network

Trips are limited to 50 miles.

\$0.00 copay. This plan also offers coverage for 6 one-way routine transportation trips every year to non-health related¹, plan approved locations. Trips are limited to 50 miles.

\$0.00 copay for each covered urgently needed service.

This plan covers worldwide urgent care services if you're traveling outside of the United States for less than six months.

What you must pay when you get these services

providers with whom the plan contracts. Your plan must cover urgently needed services and only charge you in-network cost sharing. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.

We also cover services outside of the U.S. and its territories:

- Worldwide emergency care
- Worldwide urgent care
- Worldwide emergency transportation

This plan covers urgent care and emergency services, including emergency transportation, when traveling outside of the United States for less than six months. This benefit is limited to \$100,000 per year.

Urgently needed service coverage is worldwide.

Coverage is limited to \$100,000 per year for worldwide urgent care and emergency services.

This is a supplemental benefit and not a benefit covered under the Federal Medicare program. You are responsible for all costs that exceed \$100,000 as well as all costs to return to your service area. You may have the option of purchasing additional travel insurance through an authorized agency.

\$0.00 copay for each covered worldwide urgently needed service.

Value-Based Insurance Design (VBID) Model

Medicare approved the plan to provide additional benefits and lower Part D cost share as part of the Value-Based Insurance Design (VBID) Model. This program lets Medicare try new ways to improve Medicare Advantage Plans.

Everyday Options Allowance

Enrollees who qualify for "Extra Help" are eligible for the following VBID targeted supplemental benefits as part of the Everyday Options Allowance.

- Groceries¹
- Utilities¹

Transportation for non-medical needs

Any costs you pay for Medicare Non-covered Services will not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

In-network:

\$0.00 copay for the Value Based Insurance Design benefits.

¹Please refer to the Everyday Options Allowance section in this chart for more information.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Enrollees who qualify for "Extra Help" are eligible for VBID targeted supplemental benefits as part of covered transportation services. We cover six (6) one-way trips for non-health related transportation services every year to plan approved locations. See the Transportation section in this chart for details. Part D Cost Share Reduction Enrollees who qualify for "Extra Help" are eligible to receive their Part D covered drugs at \$0.00 copay for the entire year.	
 Vision care - Medicare-covered Covered services include: Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African-Americans who are age 50 and older and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.) 	\$0.00 copay for each Medicare-covered exam to treat an eye condition. \$0.00 copay for Medicare-covered glaucoma screening. After you have cataract surgery, \$0.00 copay for one pair of Medicare-covered eyeglasses or contact lenses. Eye exams and early detection are important as some problems do not have symptoms. It matters to find problems early. Your doctor will tell you what tests you need. Talk to your doctor to see if you qualify.
Vision care - Supplemental	Any costs you pay for Medicare

What you must pay when you get these services

The plan provides additional vision coverage not covered by Original Medicare.

This plan covers 1 routine eye exam(s) every year. This plan covers up to \$400 for eyeglasses or contact lenses every year.

Eyewear coverage is limited to:

- Up to 1 pair(s) of complete eyeglasses every year; or
- Up to 1 pair of lenses every year
- Up to 1 pair of frames every year

Contact lenses are covered in lieu of eyeglasses (lenses and frames) up to the maximum benefit coverage limit, including contact lens fitting and related services.

Non-covered Services will not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

\$0.00 copay for one routine eye exam every calendar year. Refractions are covered as part of a routine eye exam and are not covered if billed separately.

\$0.00 copay for eyewear each year up to the allowance amount.

The amount the plan covers for eyewear is deducted from the total charged amount billed to insurance. After plan paid benefits for eyewear are applied, you are responsible for any remaining costs, including non-covered services.

Benefits available under this plan cannot be combined with any other in-store discounts.



Welcome to Medicare preventive visit

The plan covers the one-time *Welcome to Medicare* preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots, (or vaccines)), and referrals for other care if needed.

Important: We cover the *Welcome to Medicare* preventive visit only

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the *Welcome to Medicare* preventive visit.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit.	

2025 Dental Benefits

\$5,000 Maximum Annual Benefit

ADA Code	Description	Limitation	
Diagnost	ic		
D0120	Periodic oral evaluation – established patient		
D0140	Limited oral evaluation – problem focused		
D0150	Comprehensive oral evaluation	2 per 12 months (Includes: D0120,	
D0170	Re-evaluation, limited, problem focused (established patient not post-operative visit)	D0140, D0150, D0170, D0180, D9310)	
D0180	Comprehensive periodontal evaluation – new or established patient		
D0190	Screening of a patient		
D0191	Assessment of a patient		
D0210	Intraoral, complete series of radiographic images	Once per 3 years (Includes: D0210, D0330)	
D0220	Intraoral, periapical first radiographic image	2 per 12 months (includes: D0220, D0230)	
D0230	Intraoral, periapical each additional radiographic image		

D0270	Bitewing, single radiographic image		
D0272	Bitewings, radiographic image (additional pair per year)	2 per 12 months (Includes: D0270,	
D0273	Bitewings, three radiographic images	D0272, D0273, D0274)	
D0274	Bitewings, four radiographic images		
D0330	Panoramic radiographic image	Once per 3 years (Includes: D0210, D0330)	
Preventiv	Preventive		
D1110	Prophylaxis - adult	2 per 12 months (Includes: D1110, D4910)	
D1206	Topical application of fluoride varnish	2 per 12 months (Includes: D1206,	
D1208	Topical application of fluoride - excluding varnish	D1208)	
D1310	Nutritional counseling		
D1320	Tobacco counseling		
D1330	Oral hygiene instructions		

Restorati	ve (Fillings)		
D2140	Amalgam, 1 surface, primary or permanent		
D2150	Amalgam, 2 surfaces, primary or permanent		
D2160	Amalgam, 3 surfaces, primary or permanent		
D2161	Amalgam, 4 or more surfaces, primary or permanent		
D2330	Resin-based composite - 1 surface, anterior		
D2331	Resin-based composite - 2 surfaces, anterior	4 per 12 months Once per tooth per surface every 36 months (Includes:	
D2332	Resin-based composite - 3 surfaces, anterior	D2140, D2150, D2160, D2161, D2330, D2331, D2332, D2335,	
D2335	Resin-based composite - 4 or more surfaces or involving incisal angle (anterior)	D2330, D2331, D2332, D2333, D2391, D2392, D2393, D2394)	
D2391	Resin-based composite - 1 surface, posterior		
D2392	Resin-based composite - 2 surfaces, posterior		
D2393	Resin-based composite - 3 surfaces, posterior		
D2394	Resin-based composite - 4 or more surfaces, posterior		
Fixed Cro	own		
D2710*	Crown, resin-based composite (indirect)		
D2740*	Crown, porcelain/ceramic	2 per 12 months (Includes: D2710,	
D2750*	Crown, porcelain fused to high noble metal	D2740, D2750, D2751, D2752,	
D2751*	Crown, porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	D2790)	
D2790*	Crown, full cast high noble metal		
D2799*	Provisional crown - further treatment of completion of diagnosis necessary prior to final impression	2 per 12 months	
D2910	Re-cement or re-bond inlay, onlay, veneer or partial coverage restoration		

D2915	Re-cement or re-bond indirectly fabricated/prefabricated post and core		
D2920	Re-cement or re-bond crown		
D2940	Protective restoration		
D2950*	Core buildup, including any pins		
D2951*	Pin retention - per tooth, in addition to restoration		
D2952*	Post and core in addition to crown, indirectly fabricated		
D2954*	Prefabricated post and core in addition to crown		
Endontic	es (Root Canals)		
D3310	Endodontic therapy, anterior tooth (excluding final restoration)		
D3320	Endodontic therapy, premolar tooth (excluding final restoration)	2 per 12 months (Includes: D3310, D3320, D3330)	
D3330	Endodontic therapy, molar tooth (excluding final restoration)		
Periodon	tics		
D4341*	Periodontal scaling and root planing - 4 or more teeth per quadrant	1 per quadrant per 12 months	
D4342*	Periodontal scaling and root planing - 1 - 3 teeth per quadrant	(Includes: D4341, D4342)	
D4346*	Scaling in the presence of generalized moderate or severe gingival inflammation – full mouth	1 per 12 months	
D4355	Full mouth debridement to enable comprehensive periodontal evaluation and diagnosis, subsequent visit	Once every 24 months	
D4910	Periodontal maintenance	2 per 12 months (Includes: D1110, D4910)	
	I .		

D4921	Gingival irrigation – per quadrant	1 per quadrant per 12 months	
Removab	Removable Prosthodontics (Dentures and Partials)		
D5110*	Complete denture - maxillary		
D5120*	Complete denture - mandibular		
D5130*	Immediate denture - maxillary		
D5140*	Immediate denture - mandibular		
D5211*	Maxillary partial denture - resin base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth)	One complete denture or partial	
D5212*	Mandibular partial denture - resin base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth)	denture per arch per 36 months. Includes adjustments, relines, rebases within 6 months of seating denture. (Includes: D5110, D5120, D5130, D5140, D5211, D5212, D5213, D5214, D5521, D5222, D5225, D5226)	
D5213*	Maxillary partial denture - cast metal framework with resin denture bases (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth)		
D5214*	Mandibular partial denture - cast metal framework with resin denture bases (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth)		
D5221*	Immediate maxillary partial denture - resin base	,	
D5222*	Immediate mandibular partial denture - resin base		
D5225*	Maxillary partial denture - flexible base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth)		
D5226*	Mandibular partial denture - flexible base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth)		
D5410	Adjust complete denture - maxillary (after 3, per adjustment)		
D5411	Adjust complete denture - mandibular (after 3, per adjustment)		

D5421	Adjust partial denture - maxillary (after 3, per adjustment)	
D5422	Adjust partial denture - mandibular (after 3, per adjustment)	
D5520	Replace missing or broken teeth - complete denture (each tooth)	
D5630	Repair or replace broken retentive clasping materials - per tooth	
D5640	replace broken teeth - per tooth	
D5650	add tooth to existing partial denture	
D5660	Add clasp to existing partial denture - per tooth	
D5710	Rebase complete maxillary denture	
D5711	Rebase complete mandibular denture	
D5720	Rebase maxillary partial denture	
D5721	Rebase mandibular partial denture	
D5730	Reline complete maxillary denture (direct)	
D5731	Reline complete mandibular denture (direct)	
D5740	Reline maxillary partial denture (direct)	
D5741	Reline mandibular partial denture (direct)	
D5750	Reline complete maxillary denture (indirect)	
D5751	Reline complete mandibular denture (indirect)	
D5760	Reline maxillary partial denture (indirect)	
D5761	Reline mandibular partial denture (indirect)	

Implant S	Implant Services		
D5863*	Overdenture – complete maxillary	One complete donting or mortial	
D5864*	Overdenture – partial maxillary	One complete denture or partial denture per arch per 36 months.	
D5865*	Overdenture – complete mandibular	(Includes: D5110, D5120, D5130, D5140, D5211-D5214, D5521,	
D5866*	Overdenture – partial mandibular	D5222, D5225, D5226, D5863-D5866, D6110-D6113)	

D6010*	Surgical placement of implant body: endosteal implant	
D6056*	Prefabricated abutment – includes modification and placement	
D6057*	Custom fabricated abutment – includes placement	
D6058*	Abutment supported porcelain/ceramic crown	Implant Services are limited to 2
D6059*	Abutment supported porcelain fused to metal crown (high noble metal)	implants per year.
D6060*	Abutment supported porcelain fused to metal crown (predominantly base metal)	Implants include placement of implant, abutment and crown/denture/partial.
D6061*	Abutment supported porcelain fused to metal crown (noble metal)	Abutment limitation includes: D6056, D6057, D6191 & D6192
D6062*	Abutment supported cast metal crown (high noble metal)	Crown limitation includes: D2710,
D6063*	Abutment supported cast metal crown (predominantly base metal)	D2740, D2750, D2751, D2752, D2790, D6058-D6067
D6064*	Abutment supported cast metal crown (noble metal)	
D6065*	Implant supported porcelain/ceramic crown	
D6066*	Implant supported crown – porcelain fused to high noble alloys	
D6067*	Implant supported crown - high noble alloys	
D6092*	Re-cement or re-bond implant/abutment supported crown	
D6093*	Re-cement or re-bond implant/abutment supported fixed partial denture	

D6110*	Implant/abutment supported removable denture for edentulous arch - maxillary	One complete denture or partial denture per arch per 36 months. (Includes: D5110, D5120, D5130,
D6111*	Implant/abutment supported removable denture for edentulous arch - mandibula	
D6112*	Implant/abutment supported removable denture for denture for partially edentulous arch - maxillary	D5140, D5211-D5214, D5521, D5222, D5225, D5226,
D6113*	Implant/abutment supported removable denture for denture for partially edentulous arch - mandibular	D5863-D5866, D6110-D6113)
D6191*	Semi-precision abutment - placement (on the implant body)	2 per 12 months in conjunction with D5863 – D5866 & D6110 - D6113 (Includes: D6056 & D6057)
D6192*	Semi-precision attachment - placement (to the removable prosthesis)	
Oral Sur	gery (Extractions)	
D7140	Extraction, erupted or exposed tooth	
D7210*	Extraction, erupted tooth requiring removal of bone and/or sectioning of tooth	4 per 12 months (Includes: D7140, D7210, D7250)
D7250*	Removal of residual tooth roots (cutting procedure)	
Adjuncti	ve Services	
D9110	Palliative (emergency) treatment of dental pain - minor procedures	
D9215	Local anesthesia in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures	
D9310	Second opinion (by a participating dentist)	2 per 12 months (Includes: D0120, D0140, D0150, D0170, D0180, D9310)
D9430	Office visit for observation (during regularly scheduled hours) - no other services performed	

Notes:

- Not all participating dentists perform all listed procedures. Please consult your dentist prior to treatment for availability of services.
- Prior authorization and approval is required for procedure codes marked with an " * ". Procedures must meet plan criteria.
- Procedures not listed will be provided at the participating dentist's usual and customary fees less a 25% discount.

Specialty Care: If you require the services of a specialist (oral surgeon, endodontist, periodontist or orthodontist), you may visit a participating specialist (where available). Participating specialists will provide services to Members at the specialist's usual and customary fees less a 25 percent discount. A list of participating Florida Dental Benefits specialists may be requested by calling the Customer Service Department.

Exclusions:

The following dental benefits are not covered or offered by Florida Dental Benefits:

- Any dental services or appliances which are determined to be not reasonable and/or necessary for maintaining or improving the member's dental health.
- Consultations for non-covered benefits.
- A prophylaxis (routine cleaning) cannot be performed on a Member with untreated periodontal disease.
- Any dental procedure considered experimental by a participating dentist or specialist or the Florida Dental Benefits Dental Director.
- Dispensing of drugs.
- Cost of hospitalization (hospitals, outpatient surgery center or other similar facility).
- Any dental treatment started prior to the Member's effective date including but not limited to teeth prepared for crowns, root canals in progress, dentures where impressions have been taken.
- Any procedure that in the professional opinion of the participating dentist or dental specialist or Florida Dental Benefits Dental Director:
 - has poor probability for success based on the condition of the tooth or teeth or surrounding structures.

- o is inconsistent with generally accepted standards for dentistry.
- Implant placement or removal, appliances placed on or services associated with implants.
- Accidental injury defined as damage to the hard and soft tissue of the oral cavity resulting from forces external to the mouth.
- Any dental procedure or treatment unable to be performed in the dental office due to the general
 health or physical limitations of the member as indicated by the Member's personal physician, a
 participating dentist/specialist or the Florida Dental Benefits Dental Director. Dental procedures
 Include but not limited to physical or emotional resistance, inability to visit the dental office, or
 allergy to commonly utilized local anesthetics.
- Any treatment paid for by Workers' Compensation or employer's liability laws, by a federal or state government agency or other insurance coverage carried by the Member. Any treatment provided without cost by any municipality, county or other political subdivision.
- Any dental care provided by a non-participating general dentist or specialist except in emergency cases. Emergency dental services are defined as those services necessary for the treatment of any condition requiring immediate attention including:
 - The relief of pain
 - Services to control and stop hemorrhage
 - Services to treat severe or acute infection
 - Traumatic injury to the teeth, supporting structures, jaws and tissues of the oral cavity; such as:
 - Services to smooth or remove sharp edges of broken teeth and braces
 - Services to repair lacerations of the soft tissues of the oral cavity
 - Services to treat dental swelling with high fever
- Services resulting from any act of war, declared or not, or resulting from military services.
- The participating dentist shall have the right to refuse treatment to a Member who fails to follow a prescribed course of treatment.
- Extraction of teeth, when teeth are asymptomatic, show no signs of infection, including but not limited to the removal of third molars.

Limitations:

 Participating dentists are required to keep records and charts of all dental services rendered to members in accordance with the Florida Dental Practice Act and Regulations. These records are the property of the participating dentist. Upon enrollment, the member authorizes Florida Dental Benefits to request and obtain, for use exclusively by Florida Dental Benefits, member records, radiographs or any other information from any dentist that has rendered treatment to the member. Upon the request of the member, the participating dentist will furnish copies of x-rays and service records. The participating dentist has the right to charge the member an amount not to exceed the amount charged by the Clerk of Courts for the specific county in which the dental office is located for photocopies of dental records and copies of x-rays requested by the member. Neither any participating dentist nor Florida Dental Benefits will be required to transfer any original records or x-rays, unless required by law.

- Florida Dental Benefits contracts with independently owned dental offices. All participating dentists agree to perform their obligations in accordance with prevailing professional standards of the dental profession, to maintain in full force and effect professional liability (malpractice) insurance and to maintain general and premises liability insurance in reasonable amounts of coverage to cover damage to person or property of members. Florida Dental Benefits is not liable for any damage or injury to person or property resulting directly or indirectly from the negligent act or omission of or malpractice of a participating dentist or any other dentist or auxiliary providing service to a member, whether of an emergency nature or any otherwise, or for any other damage or injury to person or property resulting from, arising out of or in any way connected with any defective or dangerous conditions in, on, around, or about a dental office or such other office or dental facility which may provide a service to a member. Florida Dental Benefits will not be liable or responsible for any financial agreements made between a participating dentist and a member.
- If the services rendered, are required due to injury caused by the negligence of a third party person, and if the member receives a recovery against the negligent party, or if the member receives Workers' Compensation or insurance benefits, then any participating dentist shall be entitled to charge and collect from the member, his/her usual, customary and reasonable fees for any dental services rendered up to the time and to the extent of recovery for such dental services.

Medicaid benefits

The benefits listed below are covered by your plan under Agency for Healthcare Administration.

The benefits mentioned earlier in this Evidence of Coverage are covered by Medicare. For each benefit listed below, you can see what Agency for Healthcare Administration covers and what our plan covers. What you pay for covered services may depend on your level of Medicaid eligibility.

Members with full Medicaid benefits may get the following services through the Medicaid program:

Benefit Category	Agency for Healthcare Administration	HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)
Allergy services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Ambulatory surgical center services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Anesthesia services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Assistive care services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Behavioral health assessment services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Behavioral health community	Covered by Medicaid.	Covered by the plan based on

Benefit Category	Agency for Healthcare Administration	HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)
support services	Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Original Medicare Benefits.
Behavioral health intervention services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Behavioral health medication management services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Behavioral health overlay services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Behavioral health therapy services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Cardiovascular services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Child health services targeted case management	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.

Benefit Category	Agency for Healthcare Administration	HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)
Chiropractic services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
County health department services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Not covered by Medicare.
Dental services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Not covered by Medicare. Please refer to the Dental services section in the benefit chart above for coverage under your plan.
Dialysis services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Durable medical equipment and medical supplies	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Early intervention services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Emergency transportation services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.

Benefit Category	Agency for Healthcare Administration	HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)
	of cost sharing.	
Evaluation and management services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Federally qualified health center services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Gastrointestinal services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Genitourinary services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Hearing services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Home health services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.

Benefit Category	Agency for Healthcare Administration	HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)
Inpatient hospital services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Integumentary services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Laboratory services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Medical foster care services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Mental health targeted case management	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Neurology services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Non-emergency transportation services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.

Benefit Category	Agency for Healthcare Administration	HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)
	of cost sharing.	
Nursing facility services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Occupational therapy services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Oral and maxillofacial surgery services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Orthopedic services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Outpatient hospital services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Pain management services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.

Benefit Category	Agency for Healthcare Administration	HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)
Personal care services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Physical therapy services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Podiatry services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Prescribed drug services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Private duty nursing services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Radiology and nuclear medicine services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Regional perinatal intensive care center services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.

Benefit Category	Agency for Healthcare Administration	HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)
	of cost sharing.	
Reproductive services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Respiratory system services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Respiratory therapy services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Rural health clinic services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Specialized therapeutic services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Speech-language pathology services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Statewide inpatient psychiatric	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.

Benefit Category	Agency for Healthcare Administration	HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)
program services	Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	
Therapy services for those diagnose with AIDS and AIDS-related infection	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing. Covered for those diagnose with AIDS and AIDS-related infection	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Transplant services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Visual aid services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.
Visual care services	Covered by Medicaid. Contact your local Medicaid Agency to determine your level of cost sharing.	Covered by the plan based on Original Medicare Benefits.

SECTION 3 What services are covered outside of HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)?

Section 3.1 Services *not* covered by HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP)

There are services that are not covered or may not be fully covered by HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP), but are available through Medicaid. If you have questions about the Medicaid assistance you get please review your Medicaid Member Handbook or contact your state Medicaid office at the phone

number listed in Chapter 2, Section 6 of this document.

SECTION 4 What services are not covered by the plan?

Section 4.1 Services *not* covered by the plan (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are excluded.

The chart below describes some services and items that aren't covered by the plan under any conditions or are covered by the plan only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered, and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided: upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 8, Section 6.3 in this document.)

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards	Not covered under any condition.	
Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications. Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.		May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)
Private room in a hospital.		Covered only when medically necessary.
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a	Not covered under any condition.	

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
television.		
Full-time nursing care in your home.	Not covered under any condition.	
Custodial care Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.	Not covered under any condition.	
Homemaker services including basic household assistance, such as light housekeeping or light meal preparation.	Not covered under any condition.	
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	Not covered under any condition.	
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		 Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member. Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures.		Medicare doesn't cover most dental care, dental procedures, or supplies, like cleanings, fillings,

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
		tooth extractions, dentures, dental plates, or other dental devices. This plan covers routine dental care as specified in the Chapter 4 Benefit Chart as a supplemental benefit. Any supplemental benefit offered is not covered under the Original Medicare program but as extra benefits under this plan. To utilize this benefit you must use a provider who participates in our routine dental Vendor network. Please contact Member Services to locate a provider that is within that dental vendors network.
Non-routine dental care		 Dental care required to treat illness or injury may be covered as inpatient or outpatient care. This plan covers comprehensive dental benefits. Limitations may apply. See Dental services in the Medical Benefits chart in this chapter.
Routine foot care		Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines, e.g., if you have diabetes. Medicare covers podiatrist services for medically necessary treatment of foot injuries or diseases (like hammer)

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
		toes, bunion deformities, heel spurs), but generally doesn't cover routine foot care (like the cutting or removal of corns and calluses, the trimming, cutting, and clipping of nails, flat foot, or hygienic or other preventive maintenance, including cleaning and soaking the feet). This plan covers additional routine foot care as specified in the Chapter 4 Benefit Chart as a supplemental benefit. To utilize this benefit you must use a provider who participates in our routine podiatry provider network. Contact Member Services for more information on these limited services.
Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet		Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes are for people with diabetic foot disease.
Routine chiropractic care		Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered.
Routine hearing exams, hearing aids, or exams to fit hearing aids.		Medicare doesn't cover routine hearing exams, hearing aids, or exams for fitting hearing aids. This plan covers routine hearing care as specified in the Chapter 4

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
		Benefit Chart as a supplemental benefit. In addition, supplemental benefit hearing aids are limited to the list of covered devices and custom or alternative devices are not covered. Any supplemental benefit offered is not covered under the Original Medicare program but as extra benefits under this MA plan. To utilize this benefit you must use a provider who participates in our routine hearing vendor network. Please contact Member Services to locate a provider that is within the hearing vendor network.
Home-delivered meals		Medicare doesn't cover home-delivered meals. This plan covers home-delivered meals as specified in the Chapter 4 Benefit Chart as a supplemental benefit. To utilize this benefit you must use a provider who participates in our network. Any supplemental benefit offered is not covered under the Original Medicare program but as extra benefits under this MA plan. Contact Member Services for more information on any supplemental benefit offered.
Routine eye examinations,		Eye exam and one pair of

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
eyeglasses, radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, vision therapy and other low vision aids.		eyeglasses (or contact lenses) are covered for people after cataract surgery. • This plan covers routine eye exams and additional eyewear for you to purchase eyeglasses and contact lenses every year. Limitations may apply. See Vision care in the Medical Benefits chart in this chapter. Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards Not covered under any condition.
Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.	Not covered under any condition.	
Acupuncture		Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances.
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).	Not covered under any condition.	

CHAPTER 5:

Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs



How can you get information about your drug costs if you're receiving "Extra Help" with your Part D prescription drug costs?

Most of our members qualify for and are getting "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for their prescription drug plan costs. If you are in the "Extra Help" program, some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.

SECTION 1 Introduction

This chapter **explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs**. Please see Chapter 4 for Medicare Part B drug benefits and hospice drug benefits.

In addition to the drugs covered by Medicare, some prescription drugs are covered for you under your Medicaid benefits. The Medicaid drug list is available at https://ahca.myflorida.com/medicaid/prescribed-drugs/medicaid-pharmaceutical-therapeutics-committee/florida-medicaid-preferred-drug-list-pdl.

Section 1.1 Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist, or other prescriber) write you a prescription which must be valid under applicable state law.
- Your prescriber must not be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2 in this chapter.) *Or you can fill your prescription through the plan's mail-order service*.
- Your drug must be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* (we call it the Drug List for short). (See Section 3 in this chapter.)
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain references. (See Section 3 in this chapter for more information about a medically accepted indication.)
- Your drug may require approval before we will cover it. (See Section 4 in this chapter for more information about restrictions on your coverage.)

SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service

Section 2.1 Use a network pharmacy

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered *only* if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term covered drugs means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are on the plan's Drug List.

Section 2.2 Network pharmacies

How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website (www.healthsun.com), and/or call Member Services.

You may go to any of our network pharmacies.

What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. To find another pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Member Services or use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*. You can also find information on our website at www.healthsun.com.

What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Some prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy. Our plan will cover home infusion therapy if:
 - Your prescription drug is on our plan's formulary, or a formulary exception has been granted for your prescription drug.
 - Your prescription drug is not otherwise covered under our plan's medical benefit.
 - Our plan has approved your prescription for home infusion therapy.
 - Your prescription is written by an authorized prescriber.

If you need help finding a home infusion pharmacy provider in your area, please call Member Services at the number listed on your membership card, or visit our website to access our online, searchable directory. If you would like a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* mailed to you, you may call Member

Services, or request one at our website.

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a LTC facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Member Services. Please refer to your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your long-term-care pharmacy is part of our network.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network. Please refer to your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find an I/T/U pharmacy in your area. For more information, contact Member Services.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* www.healthsun.com or call Member Services.

Section 2.3 Using the plan's mail-order service

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network mail-order service. Generally, the drugs provided through mail order are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition. These drugs are marked as **mail-order drugs** in our Drug List.

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order at least a 30-day supply of the drug and no more than a 90 or 100-day supply.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail please call our mail-order pharmacy services at 1-833-272-9776 (TTY 711) available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Usually, a mail-order pharmacy order will be delivered to you in no more than 14 days. If for some reason your prescription is delayed, please call our mail-order pharmacy services at 1-833-272-9776 (TTY 711) available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. You may also contact HealthSun Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office.

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it receives from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

- You used mail-order services with this plan in the past, or
- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care providers. You may request automatic delivery of all new prescriptions at any time by calling our mail-order pharmacy at 1-833-272-9776 (TTY 711) available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

If you receive a prescription automatically by mail that you do not want, and you were not contacted to see

if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail order in the past and do not want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, please contact us by calling our mail-order pharmacy at 1-833-272-9776 (TTY 711) available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

If you have never used our mail order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know whether to ship, delay, or cancel the new prescription.

Refills on mail-order prescriptions. For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program. Under this program we will start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug. The pharmacy will contact you prior to shipping each refill to make sure you need more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough of your medication or if your medication has changed.

If you choose not to use our auto-refill program but still want the mail-order pharmacy to send you your prescription, please contact your pharmacy 30 days before your current prescription will run out. This will ensure your order is shipped to you in time.

To opt out of our program that automatically prepares mail-order refills, please contact us by calling 1-833-272-9776 (TTY 711) available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

If you receive a refill automatically by mail that you do not want, you may be eligible for a refund.

Section 2.4 How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?

The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply) of maintenance drugs on our plan's Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.)

- 1. Some retail pharmacies in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* www.healthsun.com tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Member Services for more information.
- 2. You may also receive maintenance drugs through our mail-order program. Please see Section 2.3 for more information.

Section 2.5 When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?

Your prescription may be covered in certain situations

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy *only* when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. **Please check first with Member Services** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

Here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

- You are traveling within the United States and its territories and become ill, or lose or run out of your prescription drugs.
- The prescription is for a medical emergency or urgent care.
- You are unable to obtain a covered drug in a timely manner within our service area because a network pharmacy that provides 24-hour service is not available within a 25-mile driving distance.
- You are filling a prescription for a covered drug that is not regularly stocked at an accessible network retail pharmacy (for example, an orphan drug or other specialty pharmaceutical).

How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you. (Chapter 6, Section 2 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on the plan's Drug List

Section 3.1 The Drug List tells which Part D drugs are covered

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. In this *Evidence of Coverage*, we call it the Drug List for short.

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list meets Medicare's requirements and has been approved by Medicare.

The Drug List includes the drugs covered under Medicare Part D. In addition to the drugs covered by Medicare, some prescription drugs are covered for you under your Medicaid benefits. The Medicaid Drug List is available at http://ahca.myflorida.com/ medicaid/prescribed_drug/pharm_thera/ fmpdl.shtml.

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the drug is used for a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted

indication is a use of the drug that is either:

- Approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed, or
- Supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System.

The Drug List includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biological products (which may include biosimilars).

A brand name drug is a prescription drug that is sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Biological products are drugs that are more complex than typical drugs. On the Drug List, when we refer to drugs, this could mean a drug or a biological product.

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Biological products have alternatives that are called biosimilars. Generally, generics and biosimilars work just as well as the brand name or original biological product and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs and biosimilar alternatives for some original biological products. Some biosimilars are interchangeable biosimilars and, depending on state law, may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription, just like generic drugs can be substituted for brand name drugs.

See Chapter 11 for definitions of the types of drugs that may be on the Drug List.

What is not on the Drug List?

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (for more information about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter).
- In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on the Drug List. In some cases, you may be able to obtain a drug that is not on the "Drug List." For more information, please see Chapter 8.

Section 3.2 There are six cost-sharing tiers for drugs on the Drug List

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of six cost-sharing tiers.

- Tier 1: Preferred Generic.
- Tier 2: Generic.
- Tier 3: Preferred Brand.
- Tier 4: Non-preferred Drug.
- Tier 5: Specialty Tier.
- Tier 6: Supplemental Drugs (excluded drugs only).

Each drug is assigned to a specific "tier" within the formulary. Generally, the most cost effective drugs are in Tier 1 (Preferred Generic) and next in Tier 2 (Generic). The drugs in Tier 5 (Specialty Tier) are the least cost effective and have a higher cost-sharing. Tiered formularies encourage members to be cost-conscious in choosing the medications.

To find out which tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

Section 3.3 How can you find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List?

You have four ways to find out:

- 1. Check the most recent Drug List we provided electronically.
- 2. Visit the plan's website (www.healthsun.com). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
- 3. Call Member Services to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list.
- 4. Use the plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" (www.healthsun.com or by calling Member Services). With this tool you can search for drugs on the Drug List to see an estimate of what you will pay and if there are alternative drugs on the Drug List that could treat the same condition. Within your secure online account at www.healthsun.com, select Prescriptions Price a Medication and type the prescription name in the search.

SECTION 4 There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs

Section 4.1 Why do some drugs have restrictions?

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to encourage you and your provider to use drugs in the most effective way. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List. If a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules

are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option.

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our Drug List. This is because the same drugs can differ based on the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider, and different restrictions or cost sharing may apply to the different versions of the drug (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

Section 4.2 What kinds of restrictions?

The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. Contact Member Services to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 8.)

Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called **prior authorization**. This is put in place to ensure medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

Trying a different drug first

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but usually just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition and Drug A is less costly, the plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called **step therapy.**

Quantity limits

For certain drugs, we limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

SECTION 5 What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?

Section 5.1 There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered

There are situations where there is a prescription drug you are taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking, that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug, as explained in Section 4.
- There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. If your drug is not on the Drug List or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.

Section 5.2 What can you do if your drug is not on the "Drug List" or if the drug is restricted in some way?

If your drug is not on the "Drug List" or is restricted, here are options:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can request an exception and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

You may be able to get a temporary supply

Under certain circumstances, the plan must provide a temporary supply of a drug that you are already taking. This temporary supply gives you time to talk with your provider about the change.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, the drug you have been taking **must no longer be on the plan's** "Drug List" OR is now restricted in some way.

- If you are a new member, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan.
- If you were in the plan last year, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of the calendar year.

- This temporary supply will be for a maximum of 30 days. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)
- For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care facility and need a supply right away:

We will cover one 34-day emergency supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply.

For questions about a temporary supply, call Member Services.

During the time when you are using a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You have two options:

1) You can change to another drug

Talk with your provider about whether there is a different drug covered by the plan that may work just as well for you. You can call Member Services to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

2) You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug in the way you would like it covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's "Drug List." Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 8, Section 7.4 tells you what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

SECTION 6 What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?

Section 6.1 The "Drug List" can change during the year

Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan can make some changes to the Drug List. For example, the plan might:

- Add or remove drugs from the Drug List.
- Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug.

- Replace a brand name drug with a generic version of the drug.
- Replace an original biological product with an interchangeable biosimilar version of the biological product.

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change the plan's Drug List.

See Chapter 11 for definitions of the drug types discussed in this chapter.

Section 6.2 What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?

Information on changes to drug coverage

When changes to the Drug List occur, we post information on our website about those changes. We also update our online Drug List regularly. This section describes the types of changes we may make to the Drug List and when you will get direct notice if changes were made for a drug that you are taking.

Changes we may make to the Drug List that affect you during the current plan year

- Adding new drugs to the Drug List and immediately removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List.
 - When adding a new version of a drug to the Drug List, we may immediately remove a like drug from the Drug List, move it to a different tier, add new restrictions, or both. The new version of the drug will be on the same or a lower tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.
 - We will make these immediate changes only if we are adding a new generic version of a brand name or adding certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.
 - We may make these changes immediately and tell you later, even if you are taking the drug that
 we are removing or making changes to. If you are taking the like drug at the time we make the
 change, we will tell you about any specific change we made.
- Adding drugs to the Drug List and removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List with advance notice.
 - When adding another version of a drug to the Drug List, we may remove a like drug from the Drug List, move it to a different tier, add new restrictions, or both. The version of the drug that we add will be on the same or a lower tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.
 - We will make these changes only if we are adding a new generic version of a brand name drug or adding certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.

• We will tell you at least 30 days before we make the change, or tell you about the change and cover an 30-day fill of the version of the drug you are taking.

Removing unsafe drugs and other drugs on the Drug List that are withdrawn from the market

Sometimes a drug may be deemed unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this
happens, we may immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you are taking that drug,
we will tell you after we make the change.

Making other changes to drugs on the Drug List.

- We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For example, we based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare.
- We will tell you at least 30 days before we make these changes, or tell you about the change and cover an additional 30-day fill of the drug you are taking.

If we make any of these changes to any of the drugs you are taking, talk with your prescriber about the options that would work best for you, including changing to a different drug to treat your condition, or requesting a coverage decision to satisfy any new restrictions on the drug you are taking. You or your prescriber can ask us for an exception to continue covering the drug or version of the drug you have been taking. For more information on how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception, see Chapter 8.

Changes to the Drug List that do not affect you during the current plan year

We may make certain changes to the Drug List that are not described above. In these cases, the change will not apply to you if you are taking the drug when the change is made; however, these changes will likely affect you starting January 1 of the next plan year if you stay in the same plan.

In general, changes that will not affect you during the current plan year are:

- We put a new restriction on the use of your drug.
- We remove your drug from the Drug List.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (except for market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year.

We will not tell you about these types of changes directly during the current plan year. You will need to check the Drug List for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes to the drugs you are taking that will impact you during the next plan year.

SECTION 7 What types of drugs are *not* covered by the plan?

Section 7.1 Types of drugs we do not cover

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are **excluded**. This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you appeal and the requested drug is found not to be excluded under Part D, we will pay for or cover it. (For information about appealing a decision, go to Chapter 8.) If the drug excluded by our plan is also excluded by Medicaid, you must pay for it yourself (except for certain excluded drugs covered under our enhanced drug coverage).

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

- Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States or its territories.
- Our plan cannot cover off-label use of a drug when the use is not supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System. Off-label use is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.

In addition, by law, the following categories of drugs listed below are not covered by Medicare. However, some of these drugs may be covered for you under your Medicaid drug coverage.

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)
- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

We offer additional coverage of some prescription drugs (enhanced drug coverage) not normally covered in a Medicare prescription drug plan.

- Some drugs used for the relief of cough and cold symptoms, certain quantity restrictions apply.
- Some prescription vitamins, such as folic acid and Vitamin D 50,000 IU, certain quantity restrictions apply.
- Some erectile dysfunction drugs. Sildenafil (generic for Viagra) or Tadalafil (generic for Cialis).

See Section 12 in this chapter.

In addition, if you are **receiving "Extra Help" from Medicare** to pay for your prescriptions, the "Extra Help" program will not pay for the drugs not normally covered. (Please refer to the plan's Drug List or call Member Services for more information. Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) However, if you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in Chapter 2, Section 6.)

SECTION 8 Filling a prescription

Section 8.1 Provide your membership information

To fill your prescription, provide your plan membership information, which can be found on your membership card, at the network pharmacy you choose. The network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for your drug.

Section 8.2 What if you don't have your membership information with you?

If you don't have your plan membership information with you when you fill your prescription, you or the pharmacy can call the plan to get the necessary information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up your plan enrollment information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. (You can then ask us to reimburse you. See Chapter 6, Section 2 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special situations

Section 9.1 What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will

generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your prescription drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage described in this Chapter.

Section 9.2 What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy or uses a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of an LTC facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy or the one it uses, as long as it is part of our network.

Check your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* www.healthsun.com to find out if your LTC facility's pharmacy or the one that it uses is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information or assistance, please contact Member Services. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies.

What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a drug that is not on our "Drug List" or is restricted in some way?

Please refer to Section 5.2 about a temporary or emergency supply.

Section 9.3 What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice?

Hospice and our plan do not cover the same drug at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., anti-nausea drugs, laxatives, pain medication or anti-anxiety drugs) that are not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving these drugs that should be covered by our plan, ask your hospice provider or prescriber to provide notification before your prescription is filled.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover your drugs as explained in this document. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge.

SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications

Section 10.1 Programs to help members use drugs safely

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During

these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another similar drug to treat the same condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
- Prescriptions for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to
- Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking
- Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

Section 10.2 Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications

We have a program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several prescribers or pharmacies, or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your prescribers to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your prescribers, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications may not be safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may be:

- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain prescriber(s)
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you

If we plan on limiting how you may get these medications or how much you can get, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific prescriber or pharmacy. You will have an opportunity to tell us which prescribers or pharmacies you prefer to use, and about any other information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we will send you another letter confirming the limitation. If you think

we made a mistake or you disagree with our decision or with the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to appeal. If you appeal, we will review your case and give you a new decision. If we continue to deny any part of your request related to the limitations that apply to your access to medications, we will automatically send your case to an independent reviewer outside of our plan. See Chapter 8 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

You will not be placed in our DMP if you have certain medical conditions, such as cancer-related pain or sickle cell disease, you are receiving hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

Section 10.3 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program to help members manage their medications

We have a program that can help our members with complex health needs. Our program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the program for us to help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

Some members who have certain chronic diseases and take medications that exceed a specific amount of drug costs or are in a DMP to help members use their opioids safely, may be able to get services through an MTM program. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. During the review, you can talk about your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary which has a recommended to-do list that includes steps you should take to get the best results from your medications. You'll also get a medication list that will include all the medications you're taking, how much you take, and when and why you take them. In addition, members in the MTM program will receive information on the safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your doctor about your recommended to-do list and medication list. Bring the summary with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list up to date and with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you. If you have any questions about this program, please contact Member Services.

SECTION 11 We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in

Section 11.1 We send you a monthly summary called the *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (the Part D EOB)

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

- We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your **Out-of-Pocket Costs**. This includes what you paid when you get a covered Part D drug, any payments for your drugs made by family or friends, and any payments made for your drugs by "Extra Help" from Medicare, employer or union health plans, TRICARE, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, charities, and most State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs).
- We keep track of your Total Drug Costs. This is the total of all payments made for your covered Part D drugs. It includes what the plan paid, what you paid, and what other programs or organizations paid for your covered Part D drugs.

If you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month, we will send you a *Part D EOB*. The *Part D EOB* includes:

- **Information for that month.** This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.
- Totals for the year since January 1. This is called year-to-date information. It shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information.** This information will display the total drug price, and information about increases in price from first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity.
- Available lower cost alternative prescriptions. This will include information about other available drugs with lower cost sharing for each prescription claim, if applicable.

Section 11.2 Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

• Show your membership card every time you get a prescription filled. This helps us make sure

we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying.

- Make sure we have the information we need. There are times you may pay for the entire cost of a prescription drug. In these cases, we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, give us copies of your receipts. Here are examples of when you should give us copies of your drug receipts:
 - When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit.
 - When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
 - Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you
 have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.
 - If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 6, Section 2.
- Send us information about the payments others have made for you. Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, payments made by an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.
- Check the written report we send you. When you receive the *Part D EOB*, look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing or you have any questions, please call us at Member Services. Be sure to keep these reports.

SECTION 12 Additional benefits information

Section 12.1 Our plan offers additional benefits

We offer enhanced drug coverage of some prescription drugs not normally covered in Medicare prescription drug plan. These drugs are covered in Tier 6: Supplemental Drugs (excluded drugs only). Some drugs used for the relief of cough and cold symptoms, certain quantity restrictions apply. Some prescription vitamins, such as folic acid and Vitamin D 50,000 IU, certain quantity restrictions apply. Some erectile dysfunction drugs, such as Sildenafil (generic for Viagra) or Tadalafil (generic for Cialis). You pay \$0 for Tier 6: Supplemental drugs during all drug stages.

This plan offers Part D benefits under the Value Based Insurance Design (VBID) model for members who receive Extra Help. The VBID benefit will waive your Part D cost-sharing across all "drug payment stages".

CHAPTER 6:

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs Chapter 6 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay for your covered services or drugs

Our network providers bill the plan directly for your covered services and drugs. If you get a bill for the full cost of medical care or drugs you have received, you should send this bill to us so that we can pay it. When you send us the bill, we will look at the bill and decide whether the services and drugs should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly.

If you have already paid for a Medicare service or item covered by the plan, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called reimbursing you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter. When you send us a bill you have already paid, we will look at the bill and decide whether the services or drugs should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay you back for the services or drugs.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of cost sharing as discussed in this document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost-sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

You can receive emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. In these cases, ask the provider to bill the plan.

- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
 - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
 - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost for the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

Chapter 6 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay more than your share of the cost.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges. We do not allow providers to bill you for covered services. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made. You should ask us to pay you back for the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out of pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. Remember that we only cover out-of-network pharmacies in limited circumstances. See Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for a discussion of these circumstances. We may not pay you back the difference between what you paid for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the amount that we would pay at an in-network pharmacy.

5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have your plan membership card with you

If you do not have your plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the pharmacy cannot get the enrollment

information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself. Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on the plan's Drug List or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost of the drug. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

When you send us a request for payment, we will review your request and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a **coverage decision**. If we decide it should be covered, we will pay for our share of the cost for the service or drug. If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 8 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. **You must submit your claim to us within one year** of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster. Your written requests must include your name, your HealthSun Member ID or your date of birth, your phone number, and a copy of your receipt or any other proof of payment with the provider's name, address, and date of service.
- Either download a copy of the form from our website www.healthsun.com or call Member Services and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment for medical services, together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this

Chapter 6 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

address:

HealthSun Health Plans 11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300 Miami, FL 33172

Mail your request for payment **for Part D prescription drugs**, together with any bills or receipts, to us at this address:

CarelonRx Claims Department - Part D Services P.O. Box 52077 Phoenix, AZ 85072-2077

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost for the service or drug. If you have already paid for the service or drug, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you paid the full cost of a drug, you might not be reimbursed the full amount you paid (for example, if you obtained a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy or if the cash price you paid for a drug is higher than our negotiated price). If you have not paid for the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.
- If we decide that the medical care or drug is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost of the care or drug. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your rights to appeal that decision.

Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 8 of

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Chapter 6 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

this document.

CHAPTER 7:

Your rights and responsibilities

SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan

Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. This document is available for free in Spanish. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in the plan's network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with Member Services at 1-877-336-2069 (TTY users should call 1-877-206-0500) or by writing us at: Civil Rights Coordinator, Grievance & Appeals; 11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300, Miami, FL 33172. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Debemos brindarle información de manera que le sea útil y coherente con su sensibilidad cultural (en idiomas distintos del inglés, en braille, en letra grande u otros formatos alternativos, etc.).

Su plan debe garantizar que todos los servicios, tanto clínicos como no clínicos, se proporcionen de una manera que sea culturalmente competente y estén disponibles para todos los inscritos, incluidos aquellos

con un dominio limitado del inglés, habilidades de lectura limitadas, discapacidad auditiva o aquellos con antecedentes culturales y étnicos diversos. Los ejemplos de cómo un plan puede cumplir con estos requisitos de accesibilidad incluyen, entre otros, la provisión de servicios de traducción, servicios de interpretación, teletipos o conexión para TTY (teléfono de texto o teletipo).

Nuestro plan cuenta con servicios gratuitos de interpretación para contestarles preguntas a los miembros que no hablen inglés. También podemos brindarle información en braille, en letra grande o en otros formatos alternativos, sin costo, en el caso de que lo necesite. Nosotros debemos brindarle la información sobre los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea comprensible y apropiado para usted. Para que le brindemos información de un modo adecuado para usted, llame a Servicios para miembros.

Nuestro plan debe ofrecerles a las mujeres inscritas la opción de un acceso directo a un especialista en salud de la mujer dentro de la red para los servicios de cuidado de rutina y cuidado médico preventivo.

Si para una especialidad determinada no se encuentran disponibles proveedores dentro de la red del plan, es responsabilidad del plan encontrar proveedores de la especialidad fuera de la red que puedan brindarle el cuidado que necesita. En este caso, usted solo pagará los costos compartidos dentro de la red. Si no encuentra especialistas dentro de la red del plan que cubran un servicio que necesita, llame al plan para obtener información sobre dónde puede dirigirse para obtener este servicio abonando los costos compartidos dentro de la red.

Si tiene algún problema para obtener información de nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted, llámenos para presentar un reclamo al 1-877-336-2069; (Los usuarios de TTY deben llamar 1-877-206-0500) o escríbanos a Civil Rights Coordinator (Coordinador de Derechos Civiles), Grievance & Appeals; 11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300, Miami, FL 33172. También puede presentar una queja ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) o directamente ante la Oficina de Derechos Civiles llamando al 1-800-368-1019 o TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Section 1.2 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs

You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers within a reasonable amount of time. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 8 tells what you can do.

Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your personal health information includes the **personal information** you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a *Notice of Privacy Practices*, that talks about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
 - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
 - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Member Services.

Section 1.4 We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services

As a member of HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP), you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Member Services:

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition.
- Information about our network providers and pharmacies. You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage. Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services. Chapter 5 provides information about Part D prescription drug coverage.
- Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it. Chapter 8 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service or Part D drug is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 8 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

Section 1.5 We must support your right to make decisions about your care

You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- To know about all of your choices. You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.
- To know about the risks. You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- The right to say "no." You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the

right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Advance Directives Program

MyDirectives®

- Documenting what's important to you is essential to getting the care you want when you are too ill to speak for yourself.
- As a HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) member, you have access to an online advance care planning resource called, MyDirectives®. This resource helps you to create an advance directive where you can combine the elements of a:
 - o Living will decisions on what medical treatments you would or would not like to receive
 - Medical power of attorney designation of one or more healthcare agents who can make medical decisions for you if you are not able to
 - Organ donation form
 - And more, including religious preferences statements
- You can create a new digital care plan on MyDirectives® or, if you already have these documents prepared, you can upload them so that they can be more easily shared with those that may need access to it. MyDirectives® is available to you and your designated medical providers 24 hours a day, seven days a week. You can add new information at any time as your health status or wishes change.
- To get started, log into your HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) member portal at
 www.healthsun.com. Select "My Plans" from the top menu, then select "Medical" and this will take
 you to your medical benefits, where you can scroll down to Advance Directive Programs. The link
 in the benefit detail will take you to MyDirectives® to create a new account, or link your existing
 account.
- Participation in any programs that include Wellness and Healthcare Planning or Advance Care Planning are voluntary and you are free to decline the services at any time.

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called **advance directives.** There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an advance directive to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare.
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people**. You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, take a copy with you to the hospital.

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the Florida Health Care Advance Directives.

Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal,

Chapter 8 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do—ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint—we are required to treat you fairly.

Section 1.7 What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?

If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697 or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and* it's *not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can call Member Services.
- You can **call the SHIP**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can **call Medicaid** and other state programs related to Medicaid. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 6.
- Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can call Member Services.
- You can **call the SHIP**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact Medicare.
 - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare Rights & Protections*. (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)
 - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Member Services.

- Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services. Use this Evidence of Coverage to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
 - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
 - Chapter 5 gives the details about your Part D prescription drug coverage.
- If you have any other health insurance coverage or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us. Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.

 Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.
- Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.
 - To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
 - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - o If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - You must continue to pay your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.
 For most of your medical services or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug.
 - o If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must continue to pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.
- If you move within our plan service area, we need to know so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- If you move *outside* of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

CHAPTER 8:

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains the processes for handling problems and concerns. The process you use to handle your problem depends on two things:

- 1. Whether your problem is about benefits covered by **Medicare** or **Medicaid**. If you would like help deciding whether to use the Medicare process or the Medicaid process, or both, please contact Member Services.
- 2. The type of problem you are having:
 - For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
 - For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

These processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

Section 1.2 What about the legal terms?

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than organization determination or coverage determination or at-risk determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity.
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful—and sometimes quite important—for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to Member Services for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this document.

Medicare

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can also visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

You can get help and information from Medicaid

You can get help and information from Agency for Health Care Administration Florida Statewide Medicaid Managed Care.

Call: 1-877-711-3662 **TTY**: 1-866-467-4970

This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

Write: Agency for Health Care Administration

2727 Mahan Drive Tallahassee, FL 32308

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

Because you have Medicare and get assistance from Medicaid, you have different processes that you can

use to handle your problem or complaint. Which process you use depends on whether the problem is about Medicare benefits or Medicaid benefits. If your problem is about a benefit covered by Medicare, then you should use the Medicare process. If your problem is about a benefit covered by Medicaid, then you should use the Medicaid process. If you would like help deciding whether to use the Medicare process or the Medicaid process, please contact Member Services.

The Medicare process and Medicaid process are described in different parts of this chapter. To find out which part you should read, use the chart below.

Is your problem about Medicare benefits or Medicaid benefits?

If you would like help deciding whether your problem is about Medicare benefits or Medicaid benefits, please contact Member Services.

My problem is about **Medicare** benefits.

Go to the next section of this chapter, Section 4, Handling problems about your Medicare benefits.

My problem is about **Medicaid** coverage.

Skip ahead to Section 12 of this chapter, Handling problems about your Medicaid benefits.

PROBLEMS ABOUT YOUR MEDICARE BENEFITS

SECTION 4 Handling problems about your Medicare benefits

Section 4.1 Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals? Or should you use the process for making complaints?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The chart below will help you find the right section of this chapter for problems or complaints about **benefits covered by Medicare.**

To figure out which part of this chapter will help with your problem or concern about your **Medicare** benefits, use this chart:

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B prescription

drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

Yes.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, Section 5, A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.

No.

Skip ahead to Section 11 at the end of this chapter: How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns.

SECTION 5 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 5.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items, and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services, and Medicare Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving benefits

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical care. For example, if your plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either your network doctor can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the *Evidence of Coverage* makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical care before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide medical care is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for

you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision and you are not satisfied, whether before or after a benefit is received, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances, a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us.

- You do not need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we do not fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- See Section 6.4 of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals for medical care.
- Part D appeals are discussed further in Section 7 of this chapter.

If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 10 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

Section 5.2 How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You can call us at Member Services.
- You can get free help from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.
- Your doctor can make a request for you. If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.

cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.)

- For medical care, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
- For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your Level 1 appeal is denied your doctor or prescriber can request a Level 2 appeal.
- You can ask someone to act on your behalf. If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your representative to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - o If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
 - While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal, your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- You also have the right to hire a lawyer. You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

Section 5.3 Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?

There are four different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- Section 6 of this chapter: Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- Section 7 of this chapter: Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- Section 8 of this chapter: How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon
- **Section 9** of this chapter: How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon (*Applies only to these services*: home health care, skilled nursing

facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Member Services. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.

SECTION 6	Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision
Section 6.1	This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

This section is about your benefits for medical care. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

- 1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan. Ask for a coverage decision. Section 6.2.
- 2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 6.2.**
- 3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an appeal. Section 6.3.**
- 4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 6.5.**
- 5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an appeal. Section 6.3.**

Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Sections 8 and 9 of this Chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

Section 6.2 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision

Legal Terms

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an organization determination.

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited determination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You may only ask for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services already received).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious* harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
 - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
 - Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
 - Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

• Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions we use the standard deadlines.

This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request for a

medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we** can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. We will give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 11 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

For Fast Coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

- **However,** if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we** can take up to 14 more calendar days. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. (See Section 11 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.

• If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

Section 6.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan reconsideration.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited reconsideration**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 30 calendar days or 7 calendar days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a fast appeal. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast appeal, we will give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 6.2 of this chapter.

Step 2: Ask our plan for an appeal or a Fast appeal

- If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

Step 3: We consider your appeal, and we give you our answer.

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check
 to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if needed, possibly contacting you or your doctor.

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - o If you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we **can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a

Medicare Part B prescription drug.

- o If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

Deadlines for a standard appeal

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
 - O However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
 - o If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint". When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (See Section 11 of this chapter for information on complaints.)
 - o If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 6.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or within 7 calendar days if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

Section 6.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done

Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare**. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your case file. You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you will also have a fast appeal at Level 2.

- For the *fast appeal*, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 72 hours of when it receives your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you will also have a standard appeal at Level 2.

- For the *standard appeal* if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 7 calendar days of when it receives your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a

Medicare Part B prescription drug.

Step 2: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

The independent review organization will tell you about its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the independent review organization's decision for standard requests or provide the service within 72 hours from the date the plan receives the independent review organization's decision for expedited requests.
- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we must authorize or provide the Medicare Part B prescription drug within 72 hours after we receive the independent review organization's decision for standard requests or within 24 hours from the date we receive the independent review organization's decision for expedited requests.
- If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with our plan that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called **upholding the decision** or **turning down your appeal**.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:
 - Explaining its decision.
 - Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage you are requesting meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
 - Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 10 in this chapter explains the Levels 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

Section 6.5 What if you are asking us to pay you back for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

If you have already paid for a Medicaid service or item covered by the plan, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called reimbursing you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan. When you send us a bill you have already paid, we will look at the bill and decide whether the services or drugs should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay you back for the services or drugs.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- If we say yes to your request: If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost typically within 30 calendar days, but no later than 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we will send the payment directly to the provider.
- If we say no to your request: If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 6.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement, please note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 7 Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

Section 7.1 This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug

Your benefits include coverage for many prescription drugs. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (See Chapter 5 for more information about a medically accepted indication.) For details about Part D drugs, rules, restrictions, and costs please see Chapter 5. **This section is about your Part D drugs only**. To keep things simple, we generally say *drug* in the rest of this section, instead of repeating *covered outpatient prescription drug* or *Part D drug* every time. We also use the term Drug List instead of *List of Covered Drugs* or *Formulary*.

- If you do not know if a drug is covered or if you meet the rules, you can ask us. Some drugs require that you get approval from us before we will cover it.
- If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, the pharmacy will give you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

Part D coverage decisions and appeals

Legal Term

An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a **coverage determination**.

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs. This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the following situations:

- Asking to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs*. **Ask for an exception. Section 7.2**
- Asking to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get). Ask for an exception. Section 7.2
- Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier Ask for an exception. Section 7.2
- Asking to get pre-approval for a drug. Ask for a coverage decision. Section 7.4
- Pay for a prescription drug you already bought. Ask us to pay you back. Section 7.4

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal.

Section 7.2 What is an exception?

Legal Terms

Asking for coverage of a drug that is not on the Drug List is sometimes called asking for a "formulary exception."

Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes called asking for a "formulary exception."

Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is sometimes called asking for a "tiering exception."

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an **exception**. An exception is a type of coverage decision.

For us to consider your exception request, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. Here are two examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

- 1. Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our Drug List.
- **2. Removing a restriction for a covered drug.** Chapter 5 describes the extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our Drug List.

Section 7.3 Important things to know about asking for exceptions

Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called **alternative** drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won't work as well for you or are likely to cause an adverse reaction or other harm.

We can say yes or no to your request

• If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan

year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.

• If we say no to your request, you can ask for another review of our decision by making an appeal.

Section 7.4 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception

Legal Term

A fast coverage decision is called an expedited coverage determination.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Standard coverage decisions are made within **72 hours** after we receive your doctor's statement. **Fast coverage decisions** are made within **24 hours** after we receive your doctor's statement.

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a fast coverage decision. To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You must be asking for a drug you have not yet received. (You cannot ask for fast coverage decision to be paid back for a drug you have already bought.)
- Using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor or prescriber's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
 - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
 - Explains if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
 - Tells you how you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. We will answer your complaint within 24 hours of receipt.

Step 2: Request a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Coverage Determination*

Request Form or on our plan's form, which are available on our website www.healthsun.com. Chapter 2 has contact information. To assist us in processing your request, please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information identifying which denied claim is being appealed.

You, your doctor, (or other prescriber) or your representative can do this. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf. Section 5 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.

• If you are requesting an exception, provide the supporting statement, which is the medical reasons for the exception. Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary.

Step 3: We consider your request and give you our answer.

Deadlines for a fast coverage decision

- We must generally give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your request.
 - For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received

- We must generally give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.
 - For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - o If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Step 4: If we say no to your coverage request, you can make an appeal.

• If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the drug coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

Section 7.5 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan redetermination.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited redetermination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 7 calendar days. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours. If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 7.4 of this chapter.

<u>Step 2:</u> You, your representative, doctor or other prescriber must contact us and make your Level 1 appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a fast appeal.

- For standard appeals, submit a written request. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- For fast appeals either submit your appeal in writing or call us at 1-877-336-2069 (TTY: 1-877-206-0500). Chapter 2 has contact information.

- We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Redetermination Request Form*, which is available on our website www.healthsun.com. Please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information regarding your claim to assist us in processing your request.
- You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

• When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 7.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal for a drug you have not yet received

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so.
 - o If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review

organization. Section 7.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.

- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage as quickly as your health requires, but no later than 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

<u>Step 4:</u> If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make *another* appeal.

• If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Section 7.6 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal

Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare.** It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: You (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the independent review organization and ask for a review of your case.

• If we say no to your Level 1 appeal, the written notice we send you will include **instructions on how to make a Level 2 appeal** with the independent review organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach

the review organization. If, however, we did not complete our review within the applicable timeframe, or make an unfavorable decision regarding **at-risk** determination under our drug management program, we will automatically forward your claim to the IRE.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your case file. You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.

Step 2: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Deadlines for fast appeal

- If your health requires it, ask the independent review organization for a fast appeal.
- If the organization agrees to give you a fast appeal, the organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 72 hours after it receives your appeal request.

Deadlines for standard appeal

• For standard appeals, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 7 calendar days after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have not yet received. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 14 calendar days after it receives your request.

Step 3: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

For fast appeals:

• If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 24 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.

For standard appeals:

- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request for coverage, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to send payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization.

What if the review organization says no to your appeal?

If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request (or part of your request). (This is called **upholding the decision**. It is also called **turning down your appeal**.). In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:

- Explaining its decision.
- Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting meets a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final.
- Telling you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

<u>Step 4:</u> If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 10 in this chapter talks more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date**.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered.

Section 8.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights

Within two calendar days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called An

Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you:

- Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
- Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.
- Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.

2. You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does** *not* **mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.
- **3. Keep your copy** of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.
 - If you sign the notice more than two calendar days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
 - To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see the notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Section 8.2 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what

the deadlines are.

- Follow the process.
- Meet the deadlines.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.

<u>Step 1:</u> Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge.**
 - **If you meet this deadline**, you may stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without* paying for it while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
 - o **If you do** *not* **meet this deadline**, contact us. If you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.

Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted, we will give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

You can get a sample of the Detailed Notice of Discharge by calling Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call

1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

<u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the reviewers) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says yes, we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says *no*, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

<u>Step 4:</u> If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

• If the Quality Improvement Organization has said *no* to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal

means you are going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Section 8.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

• There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written

notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.

• The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 10 of this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 9 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

Section 9.1 This section is about three services only: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

When you are getting covered home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility), you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 9.2 We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

Legal Term

Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage. It tells you how you can request a **fast-track appeal.** Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

- 1. You receive a notice in writing at least two calendar days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
 - The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
 - How to request a fast-track appeal to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.
- 2. You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it. Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. Signing it does <u>not</u> mean you agree with the plan's decision to stop

care.

Section 9.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Follow the process.
- Meet the deadlines.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate.

<u>Step 1:</u> Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a fast-track appeal. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.)

Act quickly:

 You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

Legal Term

Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage. Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage.

What happens during this review?

• Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the reviewers) will ask you, or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have

- to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the **Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage** from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

<u>Step 3:</u> Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes?

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

What happens if the reviewers say no?

- If the reviewers say no, then your coverage will end on the date we have told you.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

• If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – <u>and</u> you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

Section 9.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another

review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You could ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

<u>Step 3:</u> Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

What happens if the review organization says yes?

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must continue providing coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 10 of this chapter talks more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 10 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

Section 10.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medical Service Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 appeal An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over. Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
 - If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.
- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - o If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

• If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over. Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the

right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.

- If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - O If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

Level 5 appeal A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

• A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

Section 10.2 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Part D Drug Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 appeal An Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

• If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.

- If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - o If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - o If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Council within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.
- If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - o If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal. It will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 5 appeal A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.

• A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

SECTION 11 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

Section 11.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	• Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?

Complaint	Example
Respecting your privacy	• Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	 Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? Are you unhappy with our Member Services? Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?
Waiting times	 Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it? Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at the plan? Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room, or getting a prescription.
Cleanliness	Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?
Information you get from us	Did we fail to give you a required notice?Is our written information hard to understand?
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the <i>timeliness</i> of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	 If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples: You asked us for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, and we have said no; you can make a complaint. You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint. You believe we are not meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services or drugs that were approved; you can make a complaint. You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.

Section 11.2 How to make a complaint

Legal Terms

- A Complaint is also called a grievance.
- Making a complaint is also called filing a grievance.
- Using the process for complaints is also called using the process for filing a grievance.
- A fast complaint is also called an expedited grievance.

Section 11.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

- Usually, calling Member Services is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know.
- If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
 - o If you call or send your grievance in writing, please provide us with the following information: Your name, address, telephone number, and member identification number. A summary of the grievance, any previous contact with us, and a description of the action you are requesting. If the grievance is in writing, please include your or your authorized representative's signature and the date the grievance letter was signed. When you file a complaint about a decision that we made to not expedite an organization/coverage determination or reconsideration/redetermination, you have the right to request an expedited response. If you, or your authorized representative, require assistance in preparing and submitting your written grievance, please contact Member Services at the telephone number in Chapter 2 of this booklet.
- The **deadline** for making a complaint is 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the

delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.

- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint. If you have a fast complaint, it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.
- If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

Section 11.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

• You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization. The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Or

 You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.

Section 11.5 You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

PROBLEMS ABOUT YOUR MEDICAID BENEFITS

SECTION 12 Handling problems about your Medicaid benefits

You can submit a complaint related to Medicaid-covered services by contacting your state Medicaid Office. Please refer to Chapter 2, Section 1 of this document for contact information to your state Medicaid Office.

CHAPTER 9:

Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 1 Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where you do not choose to leave, but we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and prescription drugs and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

Section 2.1 You may be able to end your membership because you have Medicare and Medicaid

- Most people with Medicare can end their membership only during certain times of the year. Because you have Medicaid, you can end your membership in our plan any month of the year. You also have options to enroll in another Medicare plan any month including:
 - o Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan,
 - Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan (If you choose this
 option, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic
 enrollment.), or
 - o If eligible, an integrated D-SNP that provides your Medicare and most or all of your Medicaid benefits and services in one plan.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for a continuous period of 63 days or more, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

Contact your State Medicaid Office to learn about your Medicaid plan options (telephone numbers are in Chapter 2, Section 6 of this document).

- Other Medicare health plan options are available during the **Annual Enrollment Period**. Section 2.2 tells you more about the Annual Enrollment Period.
- When will your membership end? Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after we receive your request to change your plans. Your enrollment in your new plan will

also begin on this day.

Section 2.2 You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the Annual Open Enrollment Period). During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

- The Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 to December 7.
- Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - Another Medicare health plan, with or without prescription drug coverage.
 - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

OR

- o Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
- Your membership will end in our plan when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

Section 2.3 You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period

You have the opportunity to make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period.**

- The annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is from January 1 to March 31 and also for new Medicare beneficiaries who are enrolled in an MA plan, from the month of entitlement to Part A and Part B until the last day of the 3rd month of entitlement.
- During the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period you can:
 - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
 - O Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch

to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.

• Your membership will end on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

Section 2.4 In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain situations, you may be eligible to end your membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov):

- Usually, when you have moved.
- If you have Medicaid.
- If you are eligible for "Extra Help" with paying for your Medicare prescriptions.
- If we violate our contract with you.
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.
- If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE)
- **Note:** If you're in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 5, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.
- Note: Section 2.1 tells you more about the special enrollment period for people with Medicaid.

The enrollment time periods vary depending on your situation.

To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without prescription drug coverage,
- Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan,
- -or Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

Note: Section 2.1 and Section 2.2 tell you more about the special enrollment period for people with Medicaid and "Extra Help".

Section 2.5 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions about ending your membership you can:

- Call Member Services.
- Find the information in the *Medicare & You 2025* handbook.
- Contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
 (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
Another Medicare health plan	 Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. Your new coverage will begin on the first day of the following month. You will automatically be disenrolled from HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) when your new plan's coverage begins.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan	• Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. Your new coverage will begin on the first day of the following month.
	• You will automatically be disenrolled from HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) when your new plan's coverage begins.
 Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment. 	 Send us a written request to disenroll. Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also contact Medicare, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24
If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go 63 days or more in a row without creditable	hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
prescription drug coverage, you may have to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.	 You will be disenrolled from HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

For questions about your Florida Medicaid program benefits, contact Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA), at toll-free 1-888-419-3456, (TTY users should call 1-800-955-8771) available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 5:00 pm Eastern Standard Time. Contact your State Medicaid Office for assistance with questions about your Medicaid plan benefits (telephone numbers are in Chapter 2, Section 6 of this document). Ask how joining another plan or returning to Original Medicare affects how you get your Florida Medicaid program coverage.

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services and drugs through our plan

Until your membership in HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) ends, and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical items, services and prescription drugs through our plan.

- Continue to use our network providers to receive medical care.
- Continue to use our network pharmacies or mail order to get your prescriptions filled.
- If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you are discharged (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 5 HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you are no longer eligible for Medicaid. As stated in Chapter 1, Section 2.1, our plan is for people who are eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid. If you lose your Medicaid eligibility but can reasonably be expected to regain eligibility within six (6) months, then you are still eligible for membership in our plan (Chapter 4, Section 2.1 tells you about coverage and cost sharing during a period of deemed continued eligibility).
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
 - If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you lie or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason

unless we get permission from Medicare first.)

- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
 - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you are required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership, call Member Services.

Section 5.2 We <u>cannot</u> ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 5.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

CHAPTER 10:

Legal notices

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

SECTION 2 Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

Nondiscrimination Notice

Discrimination is against the law. HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) follows State and Federal civil rights laws. HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) does not unlawfully discriminate, exclude people, or treat them differently because of sex, race, color, national origin, age, or disability.

HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP):

- Provides people with disabilities reasonable modifications and free appropriate auxiliary aids and services to communicate effectively with us, such as:
 - Qualified sign language interpreters
 - Written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, other formats).
- Provides free language assistance services to people whose primary language is not English, which

may include:

- Qualified interpreters
- o Information written in other languages.

If you need reasonable modifications, appropriate auxiliary aids and services, or language assistance services, contact the plan's Compliance Coordinator. If you believe that HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex, you can file a grievance by phone, in writing, or electronically:

- <u>By phone:</u> Contact the Compliance Coordinator between 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30 by calling **1-877-336-2069**. Or, if you cannot hear or speak well, please call **1-877-206-0500**.
- In writing: Fill out a complaint form or write a letter and send it to:

HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) HealthSun Grievance & Appeals 11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300 Miami, FL 33172

• Electronically: Visit the plan's website at: www.healthsun.com

You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf, or by mail or phone at:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 200 Independence Avenue, SW Room 509F, HHH Building Washington, D.C. 20201 1-800-368-1019, 800-537-7697 (TDD)

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP), as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

Additional Legal notices

Collecting member payments

Under certain circumstances, if we pay the health care provider amounts that are your responsibility, such as deductibles, copayments or coinsurance, we may collect such amounts directly from you. You agree that we have the right to collect such amounts from you.

Assignment

The benefits provided under this *Evidence of Coverage* are for the personal benefit of the member and cannot be transferred or assigned. Any attempt to assign this contract will automatically terminate all rights under this contract.

Notice of claim

You have 36 months from the date the prescription was filled to file a paper claim. This applies to claims you submit, and not to pharmacy or provider filed claims.

In the event that a service is rendered for which you are billed, you have at least 12 months from the date of service to submit such claims to your plan. According to CMS Pub 100-02 Benefit Policy, Chapter 15, Section 40, physicians and practitioners are required to submit claims on behalf of beneficiaries for all items and services they provide for which Medicare payment may be made under Part B. Also, they are not allowed to charge beneficiaries in excess of the limits on charges that apply to the item or service being furnished. However, a physician or practitioner (as defined in §40.4) may opt out of Medicare. A physician or practitioner who opts out is not required to submit claims on behalf of beneficiaries and also is excluded from limits on charges for Medicare covered services.

Mail your request for payment for medical services, together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

HealthSun Health Plans 11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300 Miami, FL 33172

Mail your request for payment for Part D prescription drugs, together with any bills or receipts, to us at this address:

CarelonRx
Claims Department - Part D Services
P.O. Box 52077
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2077
Or email RxPaperClaim AnthemMEDD@CVSHealth.com

Entire contract

This *Evidence of Coverage* and applicable riders attached hereto, and your completed enrollment form, constitute the entire contract between the parties and as of the effective date hereof, supersede all other agreements between the parties.

Waiver by agents

No agent or other person, except an executive officer of HealthSun, has authority to waive any conditions or restrictions of this *Evidence of Coverage* or the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. No change in this *Evidence of Coverage* shall be valid unless evidenced by an endorsement signed by an authorized executive officer of the company or by an amendment to it signed by the authorized company officer.

Cessation of operation

In the event of the cessation of operation or dissolution of your plan in the area in which you reside, this *Evidence of Coverage* will be terminated. You will receive notice 90 days before the *Evidence of Coverage* is terminated. **Please note:** If the *Evidence of Coverage* terminates, your coverage will also end.

In that event, the company will explain your options at that time. For example, there may be other health plans in the area for you to join if you wish. Or you may wish to return to Original Medicare and possibly obtain supplemental insurance. In the latter situation, HealthSun would arrange for you to obtain, without health screening or a waiting period, a supplemental health insurance policy to cover Medicare coinsurance and deductibles.

Whether you enroll in another prepaid health plan or not, there would be no gap in coverage.

Refusal to accept treatment

You may, for personal or religious reasons, refuse to accept procedures or treatment recommended as necessary by your primary care physician. Although such refusal is your right, in some situations it may be regarded as a barrier to the continuance of the provider/patient relationship, or to the rendering of the appropriate standard of care.

When a member refuses a recommended, necessary treatment or procedure, and the primary care physician believes that no professionally acceptable alternative exists, the member will be advised of this belief.

In the event you discharge yourself from a facility against medical advice, your plan will pay for covered services rendered up to the day of self-discharge. Fees pertaining to that admission will be paid on a per diem basis or appropriate Diagnostic Related Grouping (DRG), whichever is applicable.

Limitations of actions

No legal action may be taken to recover benefits within 60 days after the service is rendered. No such

action may be taken later than three years after the service, upon which the legal action is based, was provided.

Circumstances beyond plan control

If there is an epidemic, catastrophe, general emergency, or other circumstance beyond the company's control, neither your plan nor any provider shall have any liability or obligation except the following, as a result of reasonable delay in providing services:

- Because of the occurrence, you may have to obtain covered services from a non-network provider, instead of a network provider. Your plan will reimburse you up to the amount that would have been covered under this *Evidence of Coverage*.
- Your plan may require written statements, from you and the medical personnel who attended you, confirming your illness or injury and the necessity for the treatment you received.

Plan's sole discretion

The plan may, at its sole discretion, cover services and supplies not specifically covered by the *Evidence of Coverage*.

This applies if the plan determines such services and supplies are in lieu of more expensive services and supplies that would otherwise be required for the care and treatment of a member.

Disclosure

You are entitled to ask for the following information from your plan:

- Information on your plan's physician incentive plans.
- Information on the procedures your plan uses to control utilization of services and expenditures.
- Information on the financial condition of the company.
- General coverage and comparative plan information.

To obtain this information, call Member Services at 1-877-336-2069, or, if you are hearing or speech impaired and have a TTY telephone line, 711. The Member Services department is available from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. The plan will send this information to you within 30 days of your request.

Information about advance directives

(Information about using a legal form such as a "living will" or "power of attorney" to give directions in advance about your health care in case you become unable to make your own health care decisions).

You have the right to make your own health care decisions. But what if you had an accident or illness so serious that you became unable to make these decisions for yourself?

If this were to happen:

- You might want a particular person you trust to make these decisions for you.
- You might want to let health care providers know the types of medical care you would *want* and *not want* if you were not able to make decisions for yourself.
- You might want to do both to appoint someone else to make decisions for you, and to let this
 person and your health care providers know the kinds of medical care you would want if you were
 unable to make these decisions for yourself.

If you wish, you can fill out and sign a special form that lets others know what you want done if you cannot make health care decisions for yourself. This form is a legal document. It is sometimes called an "advance directive," because it lets you give directions in advance about what you want to happen if you ever become unable to make your own health care decisions.

There are different types of advance directives and different names for them depending on your state or local area. For example, documents called "living will" and "power of attorney for health care" are examples of advance directives.

It's your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive. The law forbids any discrimination against you in your medical care based on whether or not you have an advance directive.

How can you use a legal form to give your instructions in advance?

If you decide that you want to have an advance directive, there are several ways to get this type of legal form. You can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, and from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare, such as your SHIP (which stands for State Health Insurance Assistance Program). Chapter 2 of this document tells how to contact your SHIP. SHIPs have different names depending on which state you are in.

Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it. It is important to sign this form and keep a copy at home. You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can't.

You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, take a copy with you.

If you are hospitalized, they will ask you about an advance directive

If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form

and whether you have it with you. If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

It is your choice whether to sign or not. If you decide not to sign an advance directive form, you will not be denied care or be discriminated against in the care you are given.

What if providers don't follow the instructions you have given?

If you believe that a doctor or hospital has not followed the instructions in your advance directive, you may file a complaint with your state Department of Health.

Continuity and coordination of care

HealthSun has policies and procedures in place to promote the coordination and continuity of medical care for our members. This includes the confidential exchange of information between primary care physicians and specialists, as well as behavioral health providers. In addition, HealthSun helps coordinate care with a practitioner when the practitioner's contract has been discontinued and works to enable a smooth transition to a new practitioner.

Subrogation and reimbursement

These provisions apply when we pay benefits as a result of injuries or illness you sustained, and you have a right to a recovery or have received a recovery. We have the right to recover payments we make on your behalf, or take any legal action against, any party responsible for compensating you for your injuries. We also have a right to be repaid from any recovery in the amount of benefits paid on your behalf. The following apply:

- The amount of our recovery will be calculated pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 411.37, and pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 422.108(f), no state laws shall apply to our subrogation and reimbursement rights.
- Our subrogation and reimbursement rights shall have first priority, to be paid before any of your other claims are paid. Our subrogation and reimbursement rights will not be affected, reduced, or eliminated by the "made whole" doctrine or any other equitable doctrine.
- You must notify us promptly of how, when and where an accident or incident, resulting in personal injury or illness to you, occurred and all information regarding the parties involved, and you must notify us promptly if you retain an attorney related to such an accident or incident. You and your legal representative must cooperate with us, do whatever is necessary to enable us to exercise our rights, and do nothing to prejudice our rights.
- If you fail to repay us, we shall be entitled to deduct any of the unsatisfied portion of the amount of benefits we have paid or the amount of your recovery whichever is less, from any future benefit under the plan.

Presidential or Gubernatorial emergencies

In the event of a Presidential or Gubernatorial emergency or major disaster declaration or an announcement of a public health emergency by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, your plan will make the following exceptions to assure adequate care during the emergency:

- Approve services to be furnished at specified non-contracted facilities that are considered Medicare-certified facilities; and
- Temporarily reduce cost sharing for plan-approved out-of-network services to the in-network cost-sharing amounts.

Typically, the source that declared the disaster will clarify when the disaster or emergency is over. If, however, the disaster or emergency time frame has not been closed within 30 days from the initial declaration, and, if CMS has not indicated an end date to the disaster or emergency, your plan will resume normal operations 30 days from the initial declaration.

When a disaster or emergency is declared, it is specific to a geographic location (i.e., county). Your plan will apply the above exceptions only if you reside in the geographic location indicated.

CHAPTER 11:

Definitions of important words

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP), you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to **balance bill** or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period — The way that Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

Biological Product – A prescription drug that is made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and cannot be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. (See also "**Original Biological Product**" and "**Biosimilar**").

Biosimilar – A biological product that is very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars are as safe and effective as the original biological product. Some biosimilars may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription (See "Interchangeable Biosimilar").

Brand Name Drug – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

Catastrophic Coverage Stage – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit that begins when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$2,000 for Part D covered drugs during the covered year. During this payment stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs and for excluded drugs that are covered under our enhanced benefit.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

Chronic-Care Special Needs Plan - C-SNPs are SNPs that restrict enrollment to MA eligible individuals who have one or more severe or disabling chronic conditions, as defined under 42 CFR 422.2, including restricting enrollment based on the multiple commonly co-morbid and clinically linked condition groupings

specified in 42 CFR 422.4(a)(1)(iv).

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs after you pay any deductibles.

Complaint — The formal name for making a complaint is **filing a grievance**. The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Copayment (or copay) – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed copayment amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any coinsurance amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received.

Cost-Sharing Tier – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

Coverage Determination – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn't covered under your plan, that isn't a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called coverage decisions in this document.

Covered Drugs – The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

Covered Services – The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

Daily cost-sharing rate – A daily cost-sharing rate may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your "daily cost-sharing rate" is \$1 per day.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for prescriptions before our plan pays.

Disenroll or Disenrollment – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

Dispensing Fee – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription, such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP) – A type of plan that enrolls individuals who are entitled to both Medicare (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (Title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the individual's eligibility.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: (1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and (2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Exception – A type of coverage decision that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on our formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at a lower cost-sharing level (a tiering

exception). You may also request an exception if our plan requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, if our plan requires a prior authorization for a drug and you want us to waive the criteria restriction, or if our plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

Extra Help – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Generic Drug – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a generic drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

Grievance – A type of complaint you make about our plan, providers, or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

Home Health Aide – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

Hospice – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.

Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA) –If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

Initial Coverage Stage – This is the stage before your out-of-pocket costs for the year have reached the out-of-pocket threshold amount.

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

Integrated D-SNP – A D-SNP that covers Medicare and most or all Medicaid services under a single health plan for certain groups of individuals eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid. These individuals are also known as full-benefit dually eligible individuals.

Institutional Special Needs Plan (SNP) – A plan that enrolls eligible individuals who continuously reside or are expected to continuously reside for 90 days or longer in a long-term care (LTC) facility. These facilities may include a skilled nursing facility (SNF), nursing facility (NF), (SNF/NF), an Intermediate Care Facility for Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities (ICF/IID), an inpatient psychiatric facility, and/or facilities approved by CMS that furnishes similar long-term, healthcare services that are covered under Medicare Part A, Medicare Part B, or Medicaid; and whose residents have similar needs and healthcare status to the other named facility types. An institutional Special Needs Plan must have a contractual arrangement with (or own and operate) the specific LTC facility(ies).

Institutional Equivalent Special Needs Plan (SNP) —A plan that enrolls eligible individuals living in the community but requiring an institutional level of care based on the State assessment. The assessment must be performed using the same respective State level of care assessment tool and administered by an entity other than the organization offering the plan. This type of Special Needs Plan may restrict enrollment to individuals that reside in a contracted assisted living facility (ALF) if necessary to ensure uniform delivery of specialized care.

Interchangeable Biosimilar — A biosimilar that may be used as a substitute for an original biosimilar product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription because it meets additional requirements related to the potential for automatic substitution. Automatic substitution at the pharmacy is subject to state law.

List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or Drug List) – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) – See "Extra Help."

Manufacturer Discount Program – A program under which drug manufacturers pay a portion of the plan's full cost for covered Part D brand name drugs and biologics. Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and drug manufacturers.

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your Medicare Part A and Part B premiums and prescription drugs do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount. If you are eligible for Medicare cost-sharing assistance under Medicaid, you are not responsible for paying any out-of-pocket costs toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount for covered Part A and Part B services. (Note: Because our members also get assistance from Medicaid, very few members ever reach this out-of-pocket maximum.)

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medically Accepted Indication – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information system.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – The time period from January 1 to March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be i) an HMO, ii) a PPO, iii) a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or iv) a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage.

Medicare Cost Plan – A Medicare Cost Plan is a plan operated by a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or Competitive Medical Plan (CMP) in accordance with a cost-reimbursed contract under section 1876(h) of the Act.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental, or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill "gaps" in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member) – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for

Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Member Services – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

Network – The doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities or providers that have an agreement with us to provide covered services to our members and to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full. (See Chapter 3, Section 2)

Network Pharmacy —A pharmacy that contracts with our plan where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network Provider – Provider is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. Network providers have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called "plan providers."

Optional Supplemental Benefits – Non-Medicare-covered benefits that can be purchased for an additional premium and are not included in your package of benefits. You must voluntarily elect Optional Supplemental Benefits in order to get them.

Organization Determination – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called coverage decisions in this document.

Original Biological Product – A biological product that has been approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and serves as the comparison for manufacturers making a biosimilar version. It is also called a reference product.

Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-Service Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Out-of-Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network

providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for cost sharing above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member's out-of-pocket cost requirement.

Out-of-Pocket Threshold – The maximum amount you pay out of pocket for Part D drugs.

PACE Plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

Part C – see Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

Part D Drugs – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. Certain categories of drugs have been excluded from Part D coverage by Congress. Certain categories of Part D drugs must be covered by every plan.

Part D Late Enrollment Penalty – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more after you are first eligible to join a Part D plan. If you lose Extra Help, you may be subject to the late enrollment penalty if you go 63 days or more in a row without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Primary Care Physician (PCP) –The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services or certain drugs. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary and our criteria is posted on our website.

Prosthetics and Orthotics –Medical devices including, but not limited to, arm, back, and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

Quantity Limits – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a

defined period of time.

"Real-Time Benefit Tool" – A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific formulary and benefit information. This includes cost-sharing amounts, alternative formulary medications that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (Prior Authorization, Step Therapy, Quantity Limits) that apply to alternative medications.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Service Area – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Step Therapy – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Services – A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.

Multi-Language Insert Multi-Language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at **1-877-336-2069** (TTY: **1-877-206-0500**). Someone who speaks English can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al **1-877-336-2069** (TTY: **1-877-206-0500**). Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险 的任 何疑问。如果您需要此翻译服务,请致电 1-877-336-2069 (TTY: 1-877-206-0500)。 我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮 助您。 这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有 疑問,為此我們提供免 費的 翻譯服務。如需翻譯服務,請致 1-877-336-2069 (TTY: 1-877-206-0500)。 我們講中文的人員將樂意為您 提供幫助。 這是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa **1-877-336-2069** (TTY: **1-877-206-0500**). Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au **1-877-336-2069** (TTY: **1-877-206-0500**). Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi **1-877-336-2069** (TTY: **1-877-206-0500**) sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter **1-877-336-2069** (TTY: **1-877-206-0500**). Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제 공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 1-877-336-2069 (TTY: 1-877-206-0500)

번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국 어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-877-336-2069 (ТТҮ: 1-877-206-0500). Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic: إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على مترجم, فوري ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على (TTY: 1-877-336-2069 (TTY: 1-877-336-2069) سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مجانية.

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके किसी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषिया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषिया प्राप्त करने के लिए, बस हमें 1-877-336-2069 (TTY: 1-877-206-0500) पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्ति जो हिन्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero **1-877-336-2069** (TTY: **1-877-206-0500**). Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portuguese: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número **1-877-336-2069** (TTY: **1-877-206-0500**). Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan **1-877-336-2069** (TTY: **1-877-206-0500**). Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer **1-877-336-2069** (TTY: **1-877-206-0500**). Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関 するご質問にお答えするため に、無料の通訳サービスがあり ますございます。 通訳をご 用命になるには、 1-877-336-2069 (TTY: 1-877-206-0500) にお電話ください。 日本語を話す人 者 が支援いたします。 これは無料のサービスです。

HealthSun Health Plans is an HMO D-SNP plan with a Medicare contract and a Medicaid contract with the State of Florida Agency for Health Care Administration. Enrollment in HealthSun Health Plans depends on contract renewal. The plan also has a written agreement with the Florida Medicaid program to coordinate your Medicaid benefits.

CarelonRx, Inc. is an independent company providing pharmacy benefit management services on behalf of your health plan.

Medicare approved HealthSun to provide these benefits and/or lower co- payments/co-insurance as part of the Value-Based Insurance Design program. This program lets Medicare try new ways to improve Medicare Advantage plans.

The Benefits Mastercard® Prepaid Card is issued by The Bancorp Bank N.A., Member FDIC, pursuant to license by Mastercard International Incorporated and card can be used for eligible expenses wherever Mastercard is accepted. Valid only in the U.S. No cash access. This is not a gift card or gift certificate. You have received this card as a gratuity without the payment of any monetary value or consideration.

PRA Disclosure Statement According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

Notes:			

HealthSun MediSun Plus (HMO D-SNP) Member Services

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-336-2069 (Calls to this number are free.) Hours are from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	1-877-206-0500 (Calls to this number are free.) This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30.
FAX	1-305-448-5783
WRITE	HealthSun Health Plans 11430 NW 20th Street, Suite 300 Miami, FL 33172
WEBSITE	www.healthsun.com

Florida Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE)

Florida Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE) is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Method	Contact Information
CALL	1-800-96-ELDER (1-800-963-5337) 8 a.m 5 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
TTY	1-800-955-8770 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	SHINE Program, Department of Elder Affairs 4040 Esplanade Way, Suite 280-S Tallahassee, FL 32399-7000
WEBSITE	http://www.floridashine.org/